



JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

(Established by State Act No. 30 of 2008)

Kukatpally, Hyderabad, Telangana (India).

ACADEMIC REGULATIONS (R22) FOR B.TECH REGULAR STUDENTS

WITH EFFECT FROM THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2022-23

1.0 Under-Graduate Degree Programme in Engineering & Technology (UGP in E&T)

Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Hyderabad (JNTUH) offers a 4-year (8 semesters) **Bachelor of Technology** (B.Tech.) degree programme, under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) at its non-autonomous constituent and affiliated colleges with effect from the academic year **2022-23**.

2.0 Eligibility for Admission

- 2.1** Admission to the undergraduate(UG) programme shall be made either on the basis of the merit rank obtained by the qualified student in entrance test conducted by the Telangana State Government (EAMCET) or the University or on the basis of any other order of merit approved by the University, subject to reservations as prescribed by the government from time to time.
- 2.2** The medium of instructions for the entire undergraduate programme in Engineering & Technology will be **English** only.

3.0 B.Tech. Programme Structure

- 3.1** A student after securing admission shall complete the B.Tech. programme in a minimum period of **four** academic years (8 semesters), and a maximum period of **eight** academic years (16 semesters) starting from the date of commencement of first year first semester, failing which student shall forfeit seat in B.Tech course. Each student shall secure 160 credits (with CGPA ≥ 5) required for the completion of the undergraduate programme and award of the B.Tech. degree.
- 3.2** UGC/ AICTE specified definitions/ descriptions are adopted appropriately for various terms and abbreviations used in these academic regulations/ norms, which are listed below.
 - 3.2.1 Semester Scheme**

Each undergraduate programme is of 4 academic years (8 semesters) with the academic year divided into two semesters of 22 weeks (≥ 90 instructional days) each and in each semester - 'Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)' and 'Semester End Examination (SEE)' under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) and Credit Based Semester System (CBSS) indicated by UGC, and curriculum/course structure suggested by AICTE are followed.

3.2.2 Credit Courses

All subjects/ courses are to be registered by the student in a semester to earn credits which shall be assigned to each subject/ course in an L: T: P: C (lecture periods: tutorial periods: practical periods: credits) structure based on the following general pattern.

- One credit for one hour/ week/ semester for Theory/ Lecture (L) courses or Tutorials.
- One credit for two hours/ week/ semester for Laboratory/ Practical (P) courses.

Courses like Environmental Science, Constitution of India, Intellectual Property Rights, and Gender Sensitization Lab are mandatory courses. These courses will not carry any credits.

3.2.3 Subject Course Classification

All subjects/ courses offered for the undergraduate programme in E&T (B.Tech. degree programmes) are broadly classified as follows. The University has followed almost all the guidelines issued by AICTE/UGC.

S. No.	Broad Course Classification	Course Group/ Category	Course Description
1	Foundation Courses (FnC)	BS – Basic Sciences	Includes Mathematics, Physics and Chemistry subjects
2		ES - Engineering Sciences	Includes Fundamental Engineering Subjects
3		HS – Humanities and Social Sciences	Includes subjects related to Humanities, Social Sciences and Management
4	Core Courses (CoC)	PC – Professional Core	Includes core subjects related to the parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering.
5	Elective Courses (ElC)	PE – Professional Electives	Includes elective subjects related to the parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering.
6		OE – Open Electives	Elective subjects which include inter-disciplinary subjects or subjects in an area outside the parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering.
7	Core Courses	Project Work	B.Tech. Project or UG Project or UG Major Project or Project Stage I & II

8		Industry Training/ Internship/ Industry Oriented Mini- project/ Mini- Project/ Skill Development Courses	Industry Training/ Internship/ Industry Oriented Mini-Project/ Mini-Project/ Skill Development Courses
9		Seminar	Seminar/ Colloquium based on core contents related to parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering.
10	Minor Courses	-	1 or 2 Credit Courses (subset of HS)
11	Mandatory Courses (MC)	-	Mandatory Courses (non-credit)

4.0 Course Registration

- 4.1** A ‘faculty advisor or counselor’ shall be assigned to a group of 20 students, who will advise the students about the undergraduate programme, its course structure and curriculum, choice/option for subjects/ courses, based on their competence, progress, pre-requisites and interest.
- 4.2** The academic section of the college invites ‘registration forms’ from students before the beginning of the semester through ‘on-line registration’, ensuring ‘date and time stamping’. The online registration requests for any ‘current semester’ shall be **completed before the commencement of SEEs (Semester End Examinations) of the ‘preceding semester’**.
- 4.3** A student can apply for **on-line** registration, **only after** obtaining the ‘**written approval**’ from faculty advisor/counselor, which should be submitted to the college academic section through the Head of the Department. A copy of it shall be retained with the Head of the Department, Faculty Advisor/ Counselor and the student.
- 4.4** A student may be permitted to register for all the subjects/ courses in a semester as specified in the course structure with maximum additional subject(s)/course(s) limited to 6 Credits (any 2 elective subjects), based on **progress** and SGPA/ CGPA, and completion of the ‘**pre-requisites**’ as indicated for various subjects/ courses, in the department course structure and syllabus contents.
- 4.5** Choice for ‘**additional subjects/courses**’, not more than any 2 elective subjects in any Semester, must be clearly indicated, which needs the specific approval and signature of the Faculty Advisor/Mentor/HOD.
- 4.6** If the student submits ambiguous choices or multiple options or erroneous entries during **online** registration for the subject(s) / course(s) under a given/ specified course group/ category as listed in the course structure, only the first mentioned subject/ course in that category will be taken into consideration.
- 4.7** Subject/ course options exercised through **on-line** registration are final and **cannot** be changed or inter-changed; further, alternate choices also will not be considered.

However, if the subject/ course that has already been listed for registration by the Head of the Department in a semester could not be offered due to any inevitable or unexpected reasons, then the student shall be allowed to have alternate choice either for a new subject (subject to offering of such a subject), or for another existing subject (subject to availability of seats). Such alternate arrangements will be made by the Head of the Department, with due notification and time-framed schedule, within **a week** after the commencement of class-work for that semester.

- 4.8 Dropping of subjects/ courses may be permitted, only after obtaining prior approval from the faculty advisor/ counselor 'within a period of 15 days' from the beginning of the current semester.
- 4.9 **Open Electives:** The students have to choose three Open Electives (OE-I, II & III) from the list of Open Electives given by other departments. However, the student can opt for an Open Elective subject offered by his own (parent) department, if the student has not registered and not studied that subject under any category (Professional Core, Professional Electives, Mandatory Courses etc.) offered by parent department in any semester. Open Elective subjects already studied should not repeat/should not match with any category (Professional Core, Professional Electives, Mandatory Courses etc.) of subjects even in the forthcoming semesters.
- 4.10 **Professional Electives:** The students have to choose six Professional Electives (PE-I to VI) from the list of professional electives given.

5.0 **Subjects/ courses to be offered**

- 5.1 A subject/ course may be offered to the students, **only if** a minimum of 15 students opt for it.
- 5.2 More than **one faculty member** may offer the **same subject** (lab/ practical may be included with the corresponding theory subject in the same semester) in any semester. However, selection of choice for students will be based on - '**first come first serve** basis and CGPA criterion' (i.e. the first focus shall be on early **on-line entry** from the student for registration in that semester, and the second focus, if needed, will be on CGPA of the student).
- 5.3 If more entries for registration of a subject come into picture, then the Head of the Department concerned shall decide, whether or not to offer such a subject/ course for **two (or multiple) sections**.
- 5.4 In case of options coming from students of other departments/ branches/ disciplines (not considering **open electives**), first **priority** shall be given to the student of the '**parent department**'.

6.0 **Attendance requirements:**

- 6.1 A student shall be eligible to appear for the semester end examinations, if the student acquires a minimum of 75% of attendance in aggregate of all the subjects/ courses

(including attendance in mandatory courses like Environmental Science, Constitution of India, Intellectual Property Rights, and Gender Sensitization Lab) for that semester. **Two periods** of attendance for each theory subject shall be considered, if the student appears for the mid-term examination of that subject. **This attendance should also be included in the attendance uploaded every fortnight in the University Website.**

- 6.2 Shortage of attendance in aggregate upto 10% (65% and above, and below 75%) in each semester may be condoned by the college academic committee on genuine and valid grounds, based on the student's representation with supporting evidence.
- 6.3 A stipulated fee shall be payable for condoning of shortage of attendance.
- 6.4 Shortage of attendance below 65% in aggregate shall in **NO** case be condoned.
- 6.5 **Students whose shortage of attendance is not condoned in any semester are not eligible to take their end examinations of that semester. They get detained and their registration for that semester shall stand cancelled,** including all academic credentials (internal marks etc.) of that semester. **They will not be promoted to the next semester.** They may seek re-registration for all those subjects registered in that semester in which the student is detained, by seeking re-admission into that semester as and when offered; if there are any professional electives and/ or open electives, the same may also be re-registered if offered. However, if those electives are not offered in later semesters, then alternate electives may be chosen from the **same** set of elective subjects offered under that category.
- 6.6 A student fulfilling the attendance requirement in the present semester shall not be eligible for readmission into the same class.

7.0 Academic Requirements

The following academic requirements have to be satisfied, in addition to the attendance requirements mentioned in Item No. 6.

- 7.1 A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course, if student secures not less than 35% (14 marks out of 40 marks) in the Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE), not less than 35% (21 marks out of 60 marks) in the semester end examinations (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100 marks) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together; in terms of letter grades, this implies securing '**C**' grade or above in that subject/ course.
- 7.2 A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to Real-time Research Project (or) Field Based Research Project (or) Industry Oriented Mini Project (or) Internship (or) Seminar, if the student secures not less than 40% marks (i.e. 40 out of 100 allotted marks) in each of them. The student is deemed to have failed, if he (i) does not submit a report on Industry Oriented Mini Project/Internship, or (ii) not make a presentation of the same before the evaluation committee as per schedule, or (iii) secures less than 40% marks in Real-time Research

Project (or) Field Based Research Project (or) Industry Oriented Mini Project (or) Internship evaluations.

A student may reappear once for each of the above evaluations, when they are scheduled again; if the student fails in such 'one reappearance' evaluation also, the student has to reappear for the same in the next subsequent semester, as and when it is scheduled.

7.3 Promotion Rules

S. No.	Promotion	Conditions to be fulfilled
1	First year first semester to first year second semester	Regular course of study of first year first semester.
2	First year second semester to Second year first semester	(i) Regular course of study of first year second semester. (ii) Must have secured at least 20 credits out of 40 credits i.e., 50% credits up to first year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.
3.	Second year first semester to Second year second semester	Regular course of study of second year first semester.
4	Second year second semester to Third year first semester	(i) Regular course of study of second year second semester. (ii) Must have secured at least 48 credits out of 80 credits i.e., 60% credits up to second year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.
5	Third year first semester to Third year second semester	Regular course of study of third year first semester.
6	Third year second semester to Fourth year first semester	(i) Regular course of study of third year second semester. (ii) Must have secured at least 72 credits out of 120 credits i.e., 60% credits up to third year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.
7	Fourth year first semester to	Regular course of study of fourth year first

	Fourth year second semester	semester.
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- 7.4 A student (i) shall register for all courses/subjects covering 160 credits as specified and listed in the course structure, (ii) fulfills all the attendance and academic requirements for 160 credits, (iii) earn all 160 credits by securing SGPA ≥ 5.0 (in each semester), and CGPA ≥ 5 (at the end of 8 semesters), (iv) **passes all the mandatory courses**, to successfully complete the undergraduate programme. The performance of the student in these 160 credits shall be considered for the calculation of the final CGPA **(at the end of undergraduate programme)**, and shall be indicated in the grade card / marks memo of IV-year II semester.
- 7.5 If a student registers for ‘**extra subjects**’ (in the parent department or other departments/branches of Engg.) other than those listed subjects totaling to 160 credits as specified in the course structure of his department, the performances in those ‘**extra subjects**’ (although evaluated and graded using the same procedure as that of the required 160 credits) will not be considered while calculating the SGPA and CGPA. For such ‘**extra subjects**’ registered, percentage of marks and letter grade alone will be indicated in the grade card / marks memo as a performance measure, subject to completion of the attendance and academic requirements as stated in regulations Items 6 and 7.1 – 7.4 above.
- 7.6 A student eligible to appear in the semester end examination for any subject/ course, but absent from it or failed (thereby failing to secure ‘**C**’ grade or above) may reappear for that subject/ course in the supplementary examination as and when conducted. In such cases, internal marks (CIE) assessed earlier for that subject/ course will be carried over, and added to the marks to be obtained in the SEE supplementary examination for evaluating performance in that subject.
- 7.7 A student **detained in a semester due to shortage of attendance may be re-admitted in the same semester in the next academic year for fulfillment of academic requirements**. The academic regulations under which a student has been re-admitted shall be applicable. Further, no grade allotments or SGPA/ CGPA calculations will be done for the entire semester in which the student has been detained.
- 7.8 A student detained **due to lack of credits, shall be promoted to the next academic year only after acquiring the required number of academic credits**. The academic regulations under which the student has been readmitted shall be applicable to him.
- 8.0 **Evaluation - Distribution and Weightage of Marks**
- 8.1 The performance of a student in every subject/course (including practicals and Project Stage – I & II) will be evaluated for 100 marks each, with 40 marks allotted for CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and 60 marks for SEE (Semester End-Examination).

8.2 In CIE, for theory subjects, during a semester, there shall be two mid-term examinations. Each Mid-Term examination consists of two parts i) **Part – A** for 10 marks, ii) **Part – B** for 20 marks with a total duration of 2 hours as follows:

1. Mid Term Examination for 30 marks:
 - a. Part - A : Objective/quiz paper for 10 marks.
 - b. Part - B : Descriptive paper for 20 marks.

The objective/quiz paper is set with multiple choice, fill-in the blanks and match the following type of questions for a total of 10 marks. The descriptive paper shall contain 6 full questions out of which, the student has to answer 4 questions, each carrying 5 marks. The **average of the two Mid Term Examinations** shall be taken as the final marks for Mid Term Examination (for 30 marks).

The remaining 10 marks of Continuous Internal Evaluation are distributed as:

2. Assignment for 5 marks. (**Average of 2 Assignments** each for 5 marks)
3. Subject Viva-Voce/PPT/Poster Presentation/ Case Study on a topic in the concerned subject for 5 marks.

While the first mid-term examination shall be conducted on 50% of the syllabus, the second mid-term examination shall be conducted on the remaining 50% of the syllabus.

Five (5) marks are allocated for assignments (as specified by the subject teacher concerned). The first assignment should be submitted before the conduct of the first mid-term examination, and the second assignment should be submitted before the conduct of the second mid-term examination. The average of the two assignments shall be taken as the final marks for assignment (for 5 marks).

Subject Viva-Voce/PPT/Poster Presentation/ Case Study on a topic in the subject concerned for 5 marks before II Mid-Term Examination.

- The Student, in each subject, shall have to earn 35% of marks (i.e. 14 marks out of 40 marks) in CIE, 35% of marks (i.e. 21 marks out of 60) in SEE and Over all 40% of marks (i.e. 40 marks out of 100 marks) both CIE and SEE marks put together.

The student is eligible to write Semester End Examination of the concerned subject, if the student scores $\geq 35\%$ (14 marks) of 40 Continuous Internal Examination (CIE) marks.

In case, the student appears for Semester End Examination (SEE) of the concerned subject but not scored minimum 35% of CIE marks (14 marks out of 40 internal marks), his performance in that subject in SEE shall stand cancelled inspite of appearing the SEE.

There is NO Computer Based Test (CBT) for R22 regulations.

The details of the end semester question paper pattern are as follows:

8.2.1 The semester end examinations (SEE), for theory subjects, will be conducted for 60 marks consisting of two parts viz. i) **Part- A** for 10 marks, ii) **Part - B** for 50 marks.

- Part-A is a compulsory question which consists of ten sub-questions from all units carrying equal marks.
- Part-B consists of five questions (numbered from 2 to 6) carrying 10 marks each. Each of these questions is from each unit and may contain sub-questions. For each question there will be an “either” “or” choice, which means that there will be two questions from each unit and the student should answer either of the two questions.
- The duration of Semester End Examination is 3 hours.

8.2.2 For the subject, **Computer Aided Engineering Graphics**, the Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester End Examinations (SEE) evaluation pattern is same as for other theory subjects.

8.3 For practical subjects there shall be a Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) during the semester for 40 marks and 60 marks for semester end examination. Out of the 40 marks for internal evaluation:

1. A write-up on day-to-day experiment in the laboratory (in terms of aim, components/procedure, expected outcome) which shall be evaluated for 10 marks
2. **10 marks for viva-voce** (or) tutorial (or) case study (or) application (or) poster presentation of the course concerned.
3. Internal practical examination conducted by the laboratory teacher concerned shall be evaluated for 10 marks.
4. The remaining 10 marks are for Laboratory Report/Project and Presentation, which consists of the Design (or) Software / Hardware Model Presentation (or) App Development (or) Prototype Presentation submission which shall be evaluated after completion of laboratory course and before semester end practical examination.

The Semester End Examination shall be conducted with an external examiner and the laboratory teacher. The external examiner shall be appointed from the cluster / other colleges which will be decided by the examination branch of the University.

In the Semester End Examination held for 3 hours, total 60 marks are divided and allocated as shown below:

1. 10 marks for write-up
 2. 15 for experiment/program
 3. 15 for evaluation of results
 4. 10 marks for presentation on another experiment/program in the same laboratory course and
 5. 10 marks for viva-voce on concerned laboratory course.
- The Student, in each subject, shall have to earn 35% of marks (i.e. 14 marks out of 40 marks) in CIE, 35% of marks (i.e. 21 marks out of 60) in SEE and Over all

40% of marks (i.e. 40 marks out of 100 marks) both CIE and SEE marks put together.

The student is eligible to write Semester End Examination of the concerned subject, if the student scores $\geq 35\%$ (14 marks) of 40 Continuous Internal Examination (CIE) marks.

In case, the student appears for Semester End Examination (SEE) of the concerned subject but not scored minimum 35% of CIE marks (14 marks out of 40 internal marks), his performance in that subject in SEE shall stand cancelled inspite of appearing the SEE.

8.4 The evaluation of courses having ONLY internal marks in I Year I Semester and II Year II Semester is as follows:

1. I Year I Semester course (ex., ***Elements of CE/ME/EEE/ECE/CSE etc***): The internal evaluation is for 50 marks and it shall take place during I Mid-Term examination and II Mid-Term examination. The average marks of two Mid-Term examinations is the final for 50 marks. Student shall have to earn 40%, i.e 20 marks out of 50 marks from average of the two examinations. There shall be NO external evaluation. The student is deemed to have failed, if he (i) is absent as per schedule, or (ii) secures less than 40% marks in this course.

For CSE/IT and allied branches and Mining Engineering, the Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) will be for 50 marks. Each Mid-Term examination consists of two parts i) **Part – A** for 20 marks, ii) **Part – B** for 20 marks with a total duration of 2 hours.

Part A: Objective/quiz paper is set with multiple choice, fill-in the blanks and match the following type of questions for a total of 20 marks. **Part B:** Descriptive paper shall contain 6 full questions out of which, the student has to answer 4 questions, each carrying 5 marks.

The remaining 10 marks of Continuous Internal Evaluation are for Assignment (5 marks) and Subject Viva-Voce/PPT/Poster Presentation/ Case Study (5 marks) and the evaluation pattern will remain same as for other theory subjects.

For all other branches, the Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) will be for 50 marks. Out of the 50 marks for internal evaluation:

- a) A write-up on day-to-day experiment in the laboratory (in terms of aim, components/procedure, expected outcome) which shall be evaluated for 10 marks
- b) **10 marks for viva-voce** (or) tutorial (or) case study (or) application (or) poster presentation of the course concerned.
- c) Internal practical examination conducted by the laboratory teacher concerned shall be evaluated for 15 marks.
- d) The remaining 15 marks are for Laboratory Report/Project and Presentation, which consists of the Design (or) Software / Hardware Model Presentation (or) App Development (or) Prototype Presentation submission which shall be

evaluated after completion of laboratory course and before semester end practical examination.

2. II Year II Semester *Real-Time (or) Field-based Research Project* course: The internal evaluation is for 50 marks and it shall take place during I Mid-Term examination and II Mid-Term examination. The average marks of two Mid-Term examinations is the final for 50 marks. Student shall have to earn 40%, i.e 20 marks out of 50 marks from average of the two examinations. There shall be NO external evaluation. The student is deemed to have failed, if he (i) does not submit a report on the Project, or (ii) does not make a presentation of the same before the internal committee as per schedule, or (ii) secures less than 40% marks in this course.
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- 8.5 There shall be an Industry training (or) Internship (or) Industry oriented Mini-project (or) Skill Development Courses (or) Paper presentation in reputed journal (or) Industry Oriented Mini Project in collaboration with an industry of their specialization. Students shall register for this immediately after II-Year II Semester Examinations and pursue it during summer vacation/semester break & during III Year without effecting regular course work. Internship at reputed organization (or) Skill development courses (or) Paper presentation in reputed journal (or) Industry Oriented Mini Project shall be submitted in a report form and presented before the committee in III-year II semester before end semester examination. It shall be evaluated for 100 external marks. The committee consists of an External Examiner, Head of the Department, Supervisor of the Industry Oriented Mini Project (or) Internship etc, Internal Supervisor and a Senior Faculty Member of the Department. There shall be **NO internal marks** for Industry Training (or) Internship (or) Mini-Project (or) Skill Development Courses (or) Paper Presentation in reputed journal (or) Industry Oriented Mini Project.
 - 8.6 The UG project shall be initiated at the end of the IV Year I Semester and the duration of the project work is one semester. The student must present Project Stage – I during IV Year I Semester before II Mid examinations, in consultation with his Supervisor, the title, objective and plan of action of his Project work to the departmental committee for approval before commencement of IV Year II Semester. Only after obtaining the approval of the departmental committee, the student can start his project work.
 - 8.7 UG project work shall be carried out in two stages: Project Stage – I for approval of project before Mid-II examinations in IV Year I Semester and Project Stage – II during IV Year II Semester. Student has to submit project work report at the end of IV Year II Semester. The project shall be evaluated for 100 marks before commencement of SEE Theory examinations.
 - 8.8 For Project Stage – I, the departmental committee consisting of Head of the Department, project supervisor and a senior faculty member shall approve the project work to begin before II Mid-Term examination of IV Year I Semester. The student is deemed to be not eligible to register for the Project work, if he does not submit a

report on Project Stage - I or does not make a presentation of the same before the evaluation committee as per schedule.

A student who has failed may reappear once for the above evaluation, when it is scheduled again; if he fails in such 'one reappearance' evaluation also, he has to reappear for the same in the next subsequent semester, as and when it is scheduled.

- 8.9** For Project Stage – II, the external examiner shall evaluate the project work for 60 marks and the internal project committee shall evaluate it for 40 marks. Out of 40 internal marks, the departmental committee consisting of Head of the Department, Project Supervisor and a Senior Faculty Member shall evaluate the project work for 20 marks and Project Supervisor shall evaluate for 20 marks. The topics for Industry Oriented Mini Project/ Internship/SDC etc. and the main Project shall be different from the topic already taken. The student is deemed to have failed, if he (i) does not submit a report on the Project, or (ii) does not make a presentation of the same before the External Examiner as per schedule, or (iii) secures less than 40% marks in the sum total of the CIE and SEE taken together.

For conducting viva-voce of project, University selects an external examiner from the list of experts in the relevant branch submitted by the Principal of the College.

A student who has failed, may reappear once for the above evaluation, when it is scheduled again; if student fails in such 'one reappearance' evaluation also, he has to reappear for the same in the next subsequent semester, as and when it is scheduled.

- 8.10** A student can re-register for subjects in a semester:

- If the internal marks secured by a student in the Continuous Internal Evaluation marks for 40 (Sum of average of two mid-term examinations consisting of Objective & descriptive parts, Average of two Assignments & Subject Viva-voce/PPT/ Poster presentation/ Case Study on a topic in the concerned subject) are less than 35% and failed in those subjects.

They may seek re-registration for all those subjects registered in that semester in which the student is failed. The student has to re-appear for CIE and SEE as and when offered.

A student must re-register for the failed subject(s) for 40 marks within four weeks of commencement of the classwork in next academic year. His Continuous Internal Evaluation marks for 40 obtained in the previous attempt stand cancelled. The student has to obtain fresh set of marks for 40 allotted for CIE (Sum of average of two mid-term examinations consisting of Objective & descriptive parts, Average of two Assignments & Subject Viva-voce/PPT/ Poster presentation/ Case Study on a topic in the concerned subject). Head of the Dept. will take care of this.

- 8.11** For mandatory courses of Environmental Science, Constitution of India, Intellectual Property Rights, and Gender Sensitization lab, a student has to secure 40 marks out of 100 marks (i.e. 40% of the 100 marks allotted) in the Continuous Internal Evaluation

for passing the subject/course. These marks should also be uploaded along with the internal marks of other subjects.

- 8.12** No marks or letter grades shall be allotted for mandatory/non-credit courses. Only Pass/Fail shall be indicated in Grade Card.

9.0 Grading Procedure

- 9.1** Grades will be awarded to indicate the performance of students in each Theory Subject, Laboratory/Practicals/ Industry-Oriented Mini Project/Internship/SDC and Project Stage. Based on the percentage of marks obtained (Continuous Internal Evaluation plus Semester End Examination, both taken together) as specified in item 8 above, a corresponding letter grade shall be given.
- 9.2** As a measure of the performance of a student, a 10-point absolute grading system using the following letter grades (as per UGC/AICTE guidelines) and corresponding percentage of marks shall be followed:

% of Marks Secured in a Subject/Course (Class Intervals)	Letter Grade (UGC Guidelines)	Grade Points
Greater than or equal to 90%	O (Outstanding)	10
80 and less than 90%	A⁺ (Excellent)	9
70 and less than 80%	A (Very Good)	8
60 and less than 70%	B⁺ (Good)	7
50 and less than 60%	B (Average)	6
40 and less than 50%	C (Pass)	5
Below 40%	F (FAIL)	0
Absent	Ab	0

- 9.3** A student who has obtained an 'F' grade in any subject shall be deemed to have 'failed' and is required to reappear as a 'supplementary student' in the semester end examination, as and when offered. In such cases, internal marks in those subjects will remain the same as those obtained earlier.
- 9.4** To a student who has not appeared for an examination in any subject, 'Ab' grade will be allocated in that subject, and he is deemed to have 'Failed'. A student will be required to reappear as a 'supplementary student' in the semester end examination, as and when offered next. In this case also, the internal marks in those subjects will remain the same as those obtained earlier.

- 9.5 A letter grade does not indicate any specific percentage of marks secured by the student, but it indicates only the range of percentage of marks.
- 9.6 A student earns Grade Point (GP) in each subject/ course, on the basis of the letter grade secured in that subject/ course. The corresponding 'Credit Points' (CP) are computed by multiplying the grade point with credits for that particular subject/ course.

Credit Points (CP) = Grade Point (GP) x Credits For a course

- 9.7 A student passes the subject/ course only when **GP \geq 5 ('C' grade or above)**
- 9.8 The Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) is calculated by dividing the sum of credit points (Σ CP) secured from all subjects/ courses registered in a semester, by the total number of credits registered during that semester. SGPA is rounded off to **two** decimal places. SGPA is thus computed as

$$\text{SGPA} = \{ \sum_{i=1}^N C_i G_i \} / \{ \sum_{i=1}^N C_i \} \dots \text{For each semester,}$$

where 'i' is the subject indicator index (considering all subjects in a semester), 'N' is the no. of subjects '**registered**' for the semester (as specifically required and listed under the course structure of the parent department), C_i is the no. of credits allotted to the i^{th} subject, and G_i represents the grade points (GP) corresponding to the letter grade awarded for that i^{th} subject.

- 9.9 The Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) is a measure of the overall cumulative performance of a student in all semesters considered for registration. The CGPA is the ratio of the total credit points secured by a student in **all** registered courses (of 160) in **all** semesters, and the total number of credits registered in **all** the semesters. CGPA is rounded off to **two** decimal places. CGPA is thus computed from the I year II semester onwards at the end of each semester as per the formula

$$\text{CGPA} = \{ \sum_{j=1}^M C_j G_j \} / \{ \sum_{j=1}^M C_j \} \dots \text{for all S semesters registered}$$

(i.e., up to and inclusive of S semesters, $S \geq 2$),

where '**M**' is the **total** no. of subjects (as specifically required and listed under the course structure of the parent department) the student has '**registered**' i.e., from the 1st semester onwards up to and inclusive of the 8th semester, 'j' is the subject indicator index (takes into account all subjects from 1 to 8 semesters), C_j is the no. of credits allotted to the j^{th} subject, and G_j represents the grade points (GP) corresponding to the letter grade awarded for that j^{th} subject. After registration and completion of I year I semester, the SGPA of that semester itself may be taken as the CGPA, as there are no cumulative effects.

Illustration of calculation of SGPA:

Course/Subject	Credits	Letter Grade	Grade Points	Credit Points
Course 1	4	A	8	4 x 8 = 32
Course 2	4	O	10	4 x 10 = 40

Course 3	4	C	5	$4 \times 5 = 20$
Course 4	3	B	6	$3 \times 6 = 18$
Course 5	3	A+	9	$3 \times 9 = 27$
Course 6	3	C	5	$3 \times 5 = 15$
	21			152

$$\text{SGPA} = 152/21 = 7.24$$

Illustration of Calculation of CGPA up to 3rd Semester:

Semester	Course/ Subject Title	Credits Allotted	Letter Grade Secured	Corresponding Grade Point (GP)	Credit Points (CP)
I	Course 1	3	A	8	24
I	Course 2	3	O	10	30
I	Course 3	3	B	6	18
I	Course 4	4	A	8	32
I	Course 5	3	A+	9	27
I	Course 6	4	C	5	20
II	Course 7	4	B	6	24
II	Course 8	4	A	8	32
II	Course 9	3	C	5	15
II	Course 10	3	O	10	30
II	Course 11	3	B+	7	21
II	Course 12	4	B	6	24
II	Course 13	4	A	8	32
II	Course 14	3	O	10	30
III	Course 15	2	A	8	16
III	Course 16	1	C	5	5
III	Course 17	4	O	10	40
III	Course 18	3	B+	7	21
III	Course 19	4	B	6	24
III	Course 20	4	A	8	32
III	Course 21	3	B+	7	21
	Total Credits	69		Total Credit Points	518

$$\text{CGPA} = 518/69 = 7.51$$

The calculation process of CGPA illustrated above will be followed for each subsequent semester until 8th semester. The CGPA obtained at the end of 8th semester will become the final CGPA secured for entire B.Tech. programme.

9.10 For merit ranking or comparison purposes or any other listing, **only** the ‘**rounded off**’ values of the CGPAs will be used.

9.11 SGPA and CGPA of a semester will be mentioned in the semester Memorandum of Grades if all subjects of that semester are passed in first attempt. Otherwise the SGPA and CGPA shall be mentioned only on the Memorandum of Grades in which sitting he passed his last exam in that semester. However, mandatory courses will not be taken into consideration.

10.0 Passing Standards

10.1 A student shall be declared successful or ‘passed’ in a semester, if he secures a $GP \geq 5$ (‘C’ grade or above) in every subject/course in that semester (i.e. when the student gets an $SGPA \geq 5.0$ at the end of that particular semester); and he shall be declared successful or ‘passed’ in the entire undergraduate programme, only when gets a $CGPA \geq 5.00$ (‘C’ grade or above) for the award of the degree as required.

10.2 After the completion of each semester, a grade card or grade sheet shall be issued to all the registered students of that semester, indicating the letter grades and credits earned. It will show the details of the courses registered (course code, title, no. of credits, grade earned, etc.) and credits earned. **There is NO exemption of credits in any case.**

11.0 Declaration of results

11.1 Computation of SGPA and CGPA are done using the procedure listed in 9.6 to 9.9.

11.2 For final percentage of marks equivalent to the computed final CGPA, the following formula may be used.

$$\% \text{ of Marks} = (\text{final CGPA} - 0.5) \times 10$$

12.0 Award of Degree

12.1 A student who registers for all the specified subjects/ courses as listed in the course structure and secures the required number of 160 credits (with $CGPA \geq 5.0$), within 8 academic years from the date of commencement of the first academic year, shall be declared to have ‘**qualified**’ for the award of B.Tech. degree in the branch of Engineering selected at the time of admission.

12.2 A student who qualifies for the award of the degree as listed in item 12.1 shall be placed in the following classes.

12.3 A student with final CGPA (at the end of the undergraduate programme) > 8.00 , and fulfilling the following conditions - shall be placed in ‘**First Class with Distinction**’. However, he

- (i) Should have passed all the subjects/courses in ‘**First Appearance**’ within the first 4 academic years (or 8 sequential semesters) from the date of commencement of first year first semester.

- (ii) Should not have been detained or prevented from writing the semester end examinations in any semester due to shortage of attendance or any other reason.

A student not fulfilling any of the above conditions with final CGPA > 8 shall be placed in '**First Class**'.

12.4 Students with final CGPA (at the end of the undergraduate programme) ≥ 7.0 but < 8.00 shall be placed in '**First Class**'.

12.5 Students with final CGPA (at the end of the undergraduate programme) ≥ 6.00 but < 7.00 , shall be placed in '**Second Class**'.

12.6 All other students who qualify for the award of the degree (as per item 12.1), with final CGPA (at the end of the undergraduate programme) ≥ 5.00 but < 6 , shall be placed in '**pass class**'.

12.7 A student with final CGPA (at the end of the undergraduate programme) < 5.00 will not be eligible for the award of the degree.

12.8 Students fulfilling the conditions listed under item 12.3 alone will be eligible for award of '**Gold Medal**'.

12.9 Award of 2-Year B.Tech. Diploma Certificate

1. A student is awarded 2-Year UG Diploma Certificate in the concerned engineering branch on completion of all the academic requirements and earned all the 80 credits (within 4 years from the date of admission) upto B.Tech. II Year II Semester, if the student want to exit the 4-Year B.Tech. program and *requests for the 2 -Year B. Tech. (UG) Diploma Certificate*.
2. The student **once opted and awarded 2-Year UG Diploma Certificate, the student will be permitted to join** in B. Tech. III Year I Semester and continue for completion of remaining years of study for 4-Year B. Tech. Degree ONLY in the next academic year along with next batch students. *However, if any student wishes to continue the study after opting for exit, he/she should register for the subjects/courses in III Year I Semester before commencement of classwork for that semester.*
3. *The students, who exit the 4-Year B. Tech. program after II Year of study and wish to re-join the B.Tech. program, must submit the 2 -Year B. Tech. (UG) Diploma Certificate awarded to him, subject to the eligibility for completion of Course/Degree.*
4. A student may be permitted to take one year break after completion of II Year II Semester or B. Tech. III Year II Semester (with university permission through the principal of the college well in advance) and can re-enter the course in **next Academic Year in the same college** and complete the course on fulfilling all the academic credentials within a stipulated duration i.e. double the duration of the course (Ex. within 8 Years for 4-Year program).

13.0 Withholding of results

- 13.1 If the student has not paid the fees to the University at any stage, or has dues pending due to any reason whatsoever, or if any case of indiscipline is pending, the result of the student may be withheld, and the student will not be allowed to go into the next higher semester. The award or issue of the degree may also be withheld in such cases.

14.0 Transitory Regulations

A. For students detained due to shortage of attendance:

1. A student who has been detained in any semester of I, II, III and IV years of R18 regulations for want of attendance, shall be permitted to join the corresponding semester of R22 Regulations and is required to complete the study of B.Tech. within the stipulated period of eight academic years from the date of first admission in I Year. The R22 Academic Regulations under which a student has been readmitted shall be applicable to that student from that semester. See rule (C) for further Transitory Regulations.

B. For students detained due to shortage of credits:

1. A student of R18 Regulations who has been detained due to lack of credits, shall be promoted to the next semester of R22 Regulations only after acquiring the required number of credits as per the corresponding regulations of his/her first admission. The total credits required are 160 including both R18 & R22 regulations. The student is required to complete the study of B.Tech. within the stipulated period of eight academic years from the year of first admission. The R22 Academic Regulations are applicable to a student from the year of readmission. See rule (C) for further Transitory Regulations.

C. For readmitted students in R22 Regulations:

1. A student who has failed in any subject under any regulation has to pass those subjects in the same regulations.
2. The maximum credits that a student acquires for the award of degree, shall be the sum of the total number of credits secured in all the regulations of his/her study including R22 Regulations. **There is NO exemption of credits in any case.**
3. If a student is readmitted to R22 Regulations and has any subject with 80% of syllabus common with his/her previous regulations, that particular subject in R22 Regulations will be substituted by another subject to be suggested by the University.

Note: If a student readmitted to R22 Regulations and has not studied any subjects/topics in his/her earlier regulations of study which is prerequisite for further subjects in R22

Regulations, the College Principals concerned shall conduct remedial classes to cover those subjects/topics for the benefit of the students.

15.0 Student Transfers

- 15.1** There shall be no branch transfers after the completion of admission process.
- 15.2** There shall be no transfers from one college/stream to another within the constituent colleges and units of Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Hyderabad.
- 15.3** The students seeking transfer to colleges affiliated to JNTUH from various other Universities/institutions have to pass the failed subjects which are equivalent to the subjects of JNTUH, and also pass the subjects of JNTUH which the students have not studied at the earlier institution. Further, though the students have passed some of the subjects at the earlier institutions, if the same subjects are prescribed in different semesters of JNTUH, the students have to study those subjects in JNTUH in spite of the fact that those subjects are repeated.
- 15.4** The transferred students from other Universities/Institutions to JNTUH affiliated colleges who are on rolls are to be provided one chance to write the CBT (for internal marks) in the **equivalent subject(s)** as per the clearance letter issued by the University.
- 15.5** The autonomous affiliated colleges have to provide one chance to write the internal examinations in the **equivalent subject(s)** to the students transferred from other universities/institutions to JNTUH autonomous affiliated colleges who are on rolls, as per the clearance (equivalence) letter issued by the University.

16.0 Scope

- 16.1** The academic regulations should be read as a whole, for the purpose of any interpretation.
- 16.2** In case of any doubt or ambiguity in the interpretation of the above rules, the decision of the Vice-Chancellor is final.
- 16.3** The University may change or amend the academic regulations, course structure or syllabi at any time, and the changes or amendments made shall be applicable to all students with effect from the dates notified by the University authorities.
- 16.4** Where the words “he”, “him”, “his”, occur in the regulations, they include “she”, “her”, “hers”.



JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

(Established by State Act No. 30 of 2008)

Kukatpally, Hyderabad, Telangana (India).

ACADEMIC REGULATIONS FOR B.TECH (LATERAL ENTRY SCHEME) FROM THE AY 2023-24

1. Eligibility for the award of B.Tech Degree (LES)

The LES students after securing admission shall pursue a course of study for not less than three academic years and not more than six academic years.

2. The student shall register for 120 credits and secure 120 credits with CGPA ≥ 5 from II year to IV-year B.Tech. programme (LES) for the award of B.Tech. degree.
3. The students, who fail to fulfil the requirement for the award of the degree in six academic years from the year of admission, shall forfeit their seat in B.Tech.
4. The attendance requirements of B. Tech. (Regular) shall be applicable to B.Tech. (LES).

5. Promotion rule

S. No	Promotion	Conditions to be fulfilled
1	Second year first semester to second year second semester	Regular course of study of second year first semester.
2	Second year second semester to third year first semester	(i) Regular course of study of second year second semester. (ii) Must have secured at least 24 credits out of 40 credits i.e., 60% credits up to second year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.
3	Third year first semester to third year second semester	Regular course of study of third year first semester.
4	Third year second semester to fourth year first semester	(i) Regular course of study of third year second semester. (ii) Must have secured at least 48 credits out of 80 credits i.e., 60% credits up to

		third year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.
5	Fourth year first semester to fourth year second semester	Regular course of study of fourth year first semester.

- 6. All the other regulations as applicable to B. Tech. 4-year degree course (Regular) will hold good for B. Tech. (Lateral Entry Scheme).**
- 7. LES students are not eligible for 2-Year B. Tech. Diploma Certificate.**

Malpractices Rules

Disciplinary Action For / Improper Conduct in Examinations

	Nature of Malpractices/Improper conduct	Punishment
	If the student:	
1. (a)	Possesses or keeps accessible in examination hall, any paper, note book, programmable calculators, cell phones, pager, palm computers or any other form of material concerned with or related to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which student is appearing but has not made use of (material shall include any marks on the body of the student which can be used as an aid in the subject of the examination)	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only.
(b)	Gives assistance or guidance or receives it from any other student orally or by any other body language methods or communicates through cell phones with any student or persons in or outside the exam hall in respect of any matter.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only of all the students involved. In case of an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.
2.	Has copied in the examination hall from any paper, book, programmable calculators, palm computers or any other form of material relevant to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which the student is appearing.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The hall ticket of the student is to be cancelled and sent to the University.
3.	Impersonates any other student in connection with the examination.	The student who has impersonated shall be expelled from examination hall. The student is also debarred and forfeits the seat. The performance of the original student who has been impersonated, shall be cancelled in all the subjects of the examination (including practicals and project work) already appeared and shall not be allowed to appear for examinations of the remaining subjects of that

		semester/year. The student is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the student is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat. If the imposter is an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.
4.	Smuggles in the answer book or additional sheet or takes out or arranges to send out the question paper during the examination or answer book or additional sheet, during or after the examination.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The student is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the student is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
5.	Uses objectionable, abusive or offensive language in the answer paper or in letters to the examiners or writes to the examiner requesting him to award pass marks.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject.
6.	Refuses to obey the orders of the chief superintendent/assistant – superintendent / any officer on duty or misbehaves or creates disturbance of any kind in and around the examination hall or organizes a walk out or instigates others to walk out, or threatens the officer-in charge or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall of any injury to his person or to any of his relations whether by words, either spoken or written or by signs or by visible representation, assaults the officer-in-charge, or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall or any of his relations, or indulges in any other act of misconduct or mischief which result in damage to or destruction of	In case of students of the college, they shall be expelled from examination halls and cancellation of their performance in that subject and all other subjects the student(s) has (have) already appeared and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The students also are debarred and forfeit their seats. In case of outsiders, they will be handed over to the police and a police case is registered against them.

	property in the examination hall or any part of the college campus or engages in any other act which in the opinion of the officer on duty amounts to use of unfair means or misconduct or has the tendency to disrupt the orderly conduct of the examination.	
7.	Leaves the exam hall taking away answer script or intentionally tears off the script or any part thereof inside or outside the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The student is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the student is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
8.	Possesses any lethal weapon or firearm in the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The student is also debarred and forfeits the seat.
9.	If student of the college, who is not a student for the particular examination or any person not connected with the college indulges in any malpractice or improper conduct mentioned in clause 6 to 8.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The student is also debarred and forfeits the seat. Person(s) who do not belong to the college will be handed over to the police and, a police case will be registered against them.
10.	Comes in a drunken condition to the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the student has already appeared for including practical examinations

		and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year.
11.	Copying detected on the basis of internal evidence, such as, during valuation or during special scrutiny.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the student has appeared for including practical examinations and project work of that semester/year examinations.
12.	If any malpractice is detected which is not covered in the above clauses 1 to 11 shall be reported to the University for further action to award a suitable punishment.	

Malpractices identified by squad or special invigilators

1. Punishments to the students as per the above guidelines.
2. Punishment for Institutions: (if the squad reports that the college is also involved in encouraging malpractices)
 - a. A show-cause notice shall be issued to the college.
 - b. Impose a suitable fine on the college.
 - c. Shifting the examination center from one college to another college for a specific period of not less than one year.

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JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
B.Tech. in ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING
COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABUS (R22 Regulations)
Applicable from AY 2022-23 Batch

I Year I Semester

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1	MA101BS	Matrices and Calculus	3	1	0	4
2	CH102BS	Engineering Chemistry	3	1	0	4
3	EE103ES	C Programming and Data Structures	3	0	0	3
4	EE105ES	Electrical Circuit Analysis – I	3	0	0	3
5	ME105ES	Computer Aided Engineering Graphics	1	0	4	3
6	EE106ES	Elements of Electrical and Electronics Engineering	0	0	2	1
7	CH107BS	Engineering Chemistry Laboratory	0	0	2	1
8	EE108ES	C Programming and Data Structures Laboratory	0	0	2	1
		Induction Program				
		Total Credits	13	2	10	20

I Year II Semester

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1	MA201BS	Ordinary Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	3	1	0	4
2	PH202BS	Applied Physics	3	1	0	4
3	ME203ES	Engineering Workshop	0	1	3	2.5
4	EN204HS	English for Skill Enhancement	2	0	0	2
5	EE205ES	Electrical Circuit Analysis - II	2	0	0	2
6	EE206ES	Applied Python Programming Laboratory	0	1	2	2
7	PH207BS	Applied Physics Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5
8	EN208HS	English Language and Communication Skills Laboratory	0	0	2	1
9	EE209ES	Electrical Circuit Analysis Laboratory	0	0	2	1
10	*MC210	Environmental Science	3	0	0	0
		Total Credits	13	2	14	20

II YEAR I SEMESTER

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1		Numerical Methods and Complex variables	3	1	0	4
2		Electrical Machines-I	3	1	0	4
3		Analog Electronic Circuits	3	0	0	3
4		Power System-I	3	0	0	3
5		Electro Magnetic Fields	3	0	0	3
6		Electrical Machines Laboratory-I	0	0	2	1
7		Analog Electronic Circuits Laboratory	0	0	2	1
8		Electrical Simulation tools Laboratory	0	0	2	1
9	*MC	Gender Sensitization Laboratory	0	0	2	0
		Total Credits	15	2	08	20

II YEAR II SEMESTER

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1		Solid Mechanics & Hydraulic Machines	3	1	0	4
2		Measurements and Instrumentation	3	0	0	3
3		Electrical Machines-II	3	0	0	3
4		Digital Electronics	2	0	0	2
5		Power System-II	3	0	0	3
6		Digital Electronics Laboratory	0	0	2	1
7		Measurements and Instrumentation Laboratory	0	0	2	1
8		Electrical Machines Laboratory-II	0	0	2	1
9		Real-time Research Project/ Field Based Project	0	0	4	2
10	*MC	Constitution of India	3	0	0	0
		Total Credits	17	1	10	20

III YEAR I SEMESTER

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1		Power Electronics	3	1	0	4
2		Control Systems	3	1	0	4
3		Microprocessors & Microcontrollers	3	0	0	3
4		Professional Elective-I	3	0	0	3
5		Business Economics and Financial Analysis	3	0	0	3
6		Microprocessors & Microcontrollers Laboratory	0	0	2	1
7		Power Electronics Laboratory	0	0	2	1
8		Advanced English Communication Skills Laboratory	0	0	2	1
9	*MC	Intellectual Property Rights	3	0	0	0
		Total Credits	18	2	6	20

III YEAR II SEMESTER

S. No	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1		Open Elective-I	3	0	0	3
2		Professional Elective-II	3	0	0	3
3		Signals and Systems	3	0	0	3
4		Power System Protection	3	0	0	3
5		Power System Operation and Control	3	0	0	3
6		Power System Laboratory	0	0	2	1
7		Control Systems Laboratory	0	0	2	1
8		Digital Signal Processing Lab	0	0	2	1
9		Industry Oriented Mini Project/ Internship	0	0	4	2
10	*MC	Environmental Science	3	0	0	0
		Total Credits	18	0	10	20

Environmental Science in III Yr II Sem Should be Registered by Lateral Entry Students Only.

IV YEAR I SEMESTER

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1		Power Electronic Applications to Renewable Energy Systems	3	1	0	4
2		Open Elective-II	3	0	0	3
3		Professional Elective-III	3	0	0	3
4		Professional Elective-IV	3	0	0	3
5		Fundamentals of Management for Engineers	2	0	0	2
6		Simulation of Renewable Energy Systems Laboratory	0	0	4	2
7		Project Stage - I	0	0	6	3
		Total Credits	14	1	10	20

IV YEAR II SEMESTER

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1		Open Elective-III	3	0	0	3
2		Professional Elective-V	3	0	0	3
3		Professional Elective-VI	3	0	0	3
4		Project Stage – II including Seminar	0	0	22	11
		Total Credits	9	0	22	20

MC – Satisfactory/Unsatisfactory*Professional Elective - I**

1	IoT Applications in Electrical Engineering
2	High Voltage Engineering
3	Computer Aided Electrical Machine Design

Professional Elective - II

1	Cyber-Physical Systems
2	Power Semiconductor Drives
3	Wind and Solar Energy systems

Professional Elective-III

1	Mobile Application Development
2	Digital Signal Processing
3	Electric and Hybrid Vehicles

Professional Elective-IV

1	HVDC Transmission
2	Power System Reliability
3	Embedded Systems Applications

Professional Elective-V

1	Power Quality & FACTS
2	Solar Power Batteries
3	AI Techniques in Electrical Engineering

Professional Elective-VI

1	Smart Grid Technologies
2	Electrical Distribution Systems
3	Machine Learning Applications to Electrical Engineering

OPEN ELECTIVES**Open Elective-I:**

1	Renewable Energy Sources
2	Fundamental of Electric Vehicles

Open Elective-II:

1	Utilization of Electric Energy
2	Energy Storage Systems

Open Elective-III:

1	Charging Infrastructure for Electric Vehicles
2	Reliability Engineering

MATRICES AND CALCULUS**B.Tech. I Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	4

Pre-requisites: Mathematical Knowledge at pre-university level**Course Objectives:** To learn

- Types of matrices and their properties.
- Concept of a rank of the matrix and applying this concept to know the consistency and solving the system of linear equations.
- Concept of eigenvalues and eigenvectors and to reduce the quadratic form to canonical form
- Geometrical approach to the mean value theorems and their application to the mathematical problems
- Evaluation of surface areas and volumes of revolutions of curves.
- Evaluation of improper integrals using Beta and Gamma functions.
- Partial differentiation, concept of total derivative
- Finding maxima and minima of function of two and three variables.
- Evaluation of multiple integrals and their applications

Course outcomes: After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Write the matrix representation of a set of linear equations and to analyse the solution of the system of equations
- Find the Eigenvalues and Eigen vectors
- Reduce the quadratic form to canonical form using orthogonal transformations.
- Solve the applications on the mean value theorems.
- Evaluate the improper integrals using Beta and Gamma functions
- Find the extreme values of functions of two variables with/ without constraints.
- Evaluate the multiple integrals and apply the concept to find areas, volumes

UNIT-I: Matrices**10 L**

Rank of a matrix by Echelon form and Normal form, Inverse of Non-singular matrices by Gauss-Jordan method, System of linear equations: Solving system of Homogeneous and Non-Homogeneous equations by Gauss elimination method, Gauss Seidel Iteration Method.

UNIT-II: Eigen values and Eigen vectors**10 L**

Linear Transformation and Orthogonal Transformation: Eigenvalues, Eigenvectors and their properties, Diagonalization of a matrix, Cayley-Hamilton Theorem (without proof), finding inverse and power of a matrix by Cayley-Hamilton Theorem, Quadratic forms and Nature of the Quadratic Forms, Reduction of Quadratic form to canonical forms by Orthogonal Transformation.

UNIT-III: Calculus**10 L**

Mean value theorems: Rolle's theorem, Lagrange's Mean value theorem with their Geometrical Interpretation and applications, Cauchy's Mean value Theorem, Taylor's Series.

Applications of definite integrals to evaluate surface areas and volumes of revolutions of curves (Only in Cartesian coordinates), Definition of Improper Integral: Beta and Gamma functions and their applications.

UNIT-IV: Multivariable Calculus (Partial Differentiation and applications)**10 L**

Definitions of Limit and continuity.

Partial Differentiation: Euler's Theorem, Total derivative, Jacobian, Functional dependence & independence. Applications: Maxima and minima of functions of two variables and three variables using method of Lagrange multipliers.

UNIT-V: Multivariable Calculus (Integration)**8 L**

Evaluation of Double Integrals (Cartesian and polar coordinates), change of order of integration (only Cartesian form), Evaluation of Triple Integrals: Change of variables (Cartesian to polar) for double and (Cartesian to Spherical and Cylindrical polar coordinates) for triple integrals.

Applications: Areas (by double integrals) and volumes (by double integrals and triple integrals).

TEXT BOOKS:

1. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36th Edition, 2010.
2. R.K. Jain and S.R.K. Iyengar, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Narosa Publications, 5th Edition, 2016.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Erwin kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.
2. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9th Edition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002.
3. N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal, A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, Reprint, 2008.
4. H. K. Dass and Er. Rajnish Verma, Higher Engineering Mathematics, S Chand and Company Limited, New Delhi.

ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY**B.Tech. I Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	4

Course Objectives:

1. To bring adaptability to new developments in Engineering Chemistry and to acquire the skills required to become a perfect engineer.
2. To include the importance of water in industrial usage, fundamental aspects of battery chemistry, significance of corrosion it's control to protect the structures.
3. To imbibe the basic concepts of petroleum and its products.
4. To acquire required knowledge about engineering materials like cement, smart materials and Lubricants.

Course Outcomes:

1. Students will acquire the basic knowledge of electrochemical procedures related to corrosion and its control.
2. The students are able to understand the basic properties of water and its usage in domestic and industrial purposes.
3. They can learn the fundamentals and general properties of polymers and other engineering materials.
4. They can predict potential applications of chemistry and practical utility in order to become good engineers and entrepreneurs.

UNIT - I: Water and its treatment: [8]

Introduction to hardness of water – Estimation of hardness of water by complexometric method and related numerical problems. Potable water and its specifications - Steps involved in the treatment of potable water - Disinfection of potable water by chlorination and break - point chlorination. Defluoridation - Determination of F^- ion by ion- selective electrode method.

Boiler troubles: Sludges, Scales and Caustic embrittlement. Internal treatment of Boiler feed water - Calgon conditioning - Phosphate conditioning - Colloidal conditioning, External treatment methods - Softening of water by ion- exchange processes. Desalination of water – Reverse osmosis.

UNIT – II Battery Chemistry& Corrosion [8]

Introduction - Classification of batteries- primary, secondary and reserve batteries with examples. Basic requirements for commercial batteries. Construction, working and applications of: Zn-air and Lithium ion battery, Applications of Li-ion battery to electrical vehicles. Fuel Cells- Differences between battery and a fuel cell, Construction and applications of Methanol Oxygen fuel cell and Solid oxide fuel cell. Solar cells - Introduction and applications of Solar cells.

Corrosion: Causes and effects of corrosion – theories of chemical and electrochemical corrosion – mechanism of electrochemical corrosion, Types of corrosion: Galvanic, water-line and pitting corrosion. Factors affecting rate of corrosion, Corrosion control methods- Cathodic protection – Sacrificial anode and impressed current methods.

UNIT - III: Polymeric materials: [8]

Definition – Classification of polymers with examples – Types of polymerization –

addition (free radical addition) and condensation polymerization with examples – Nylon 6:6, Terylene

Plastics: Definition and characteristics- thermoplastic and thermosetting plastics, Preparation, Properties and engineering applications of PVC and Bakelite, Teflon, Fiber reinforced plastics (FRP).

Rubbers: Natural rubber and its vulcanization.

Elastomers: Characteristics –preparation – properties and applications of Buna-S, Butyl and Thiokol rubber.

Conducting polymers: Characteristics and Classification with examples-mechanism of conduction in

trans-polyacetylene and applications of conducting polymers.

Biodegradable polymers: Concept and advantages - Polylactic acid and poly vinyl alcohol and their applications.

UNIT - IV: Energy Sources: [8]

Introduction, Calorific value of fuel – HCV, LCV- Dulong's formula. Classification- solid fuels: coal – analysis of coal – proximate and ultimate analysis and their significance. Liquid fuels – petroleum and its refining, cracking types – moving bed catalytic cracking. Knocking – octane and cetane rating, synthetic petrol - Fischer-Tropsch's process; Gaseous fuels – composition and uses of natural gas, LPG and CNG, Biodiesel – Transesterification, advantages.

UNIT - V: Engineering Materials: [8]

Cement: Portland cement, its composition, setting and hardening.

Smart materials and their engineering applications

Shape memory materials- Poly L- Lactic acid. Thermoresponsive materials- Polyacryl amides, Poly vinyl amides

Lubricants: Classification of lubricants with examples-characteristics of a good lubricants - mechanism of lubrication (thick film, thin film and extreme pressure)- properties of lubricants: viscosity, cloud point, pour point, flash point and fire point.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Engineering Chemistry by P.C. Jain and M. Jain, Dhanpatrai Publishing Company, 2010
2. Engineering Chemistry by Rama Devi, Venkata Ramana Reddy and Rath, Cengage learning, 2016
3. A text book of Engineering Chemistry by M. Thirumala Chary, E. Laxminarayana and K. Shashikala, Pearson Publications, 2021.
4. Textbook of Engineering Chemistry by Jaya Shree Anireddy, Wiley Publications.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Engineering Chemistry by Shikha Agarwal, Cambridge University Press, Delhi (2015)
2. Engineering Chemistry by Shashi Chawla, Dhanpatrai and Company (P) Ltd. Delhi (2011)

C PROGRAMMING AND DATA STRUCTURES**B.Tech. I Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objectives: Introduce the importance of programming, C language constructs, program development, data structures, searching and sorting.

Course Outcomes:

1. Understand the various steps in Program development.
2. Explore the basic concepts in C Programming Language.
3. Develop modular and readable C Programs
4. Understand the basic concepts such as Abstract Data Types, Linear and Non-Linear Data structures.
5. Apply data structures such as stacks, queues in problem solving
6. To understand and analyze various searching and sorting algorithms.

UNIT - I

Introduction to Computers – Computer Systems, Computing Environments, Computer Languages, Creating and running programs, Software Development

Introduction to C Language – Background, Simple C programs, Identifiers, Basic data types, Variables, Constants, Input / Output

Structure of a C Program – Operators, Bit-wise operators, Expressions, Precedence and Associativity, Expression Evaluation, Type conversions, Statements.

UNIT - II

Statements – if and switch statements, Repetition statements – while, for, do-while statements, Loop examples, other statements related to looping – break, continue, go to, Recursion.

Designing Structured Programs– Functions, basics, user defined functions, inter function communication, standard functions.

Arrays – Concepts, using arrays in C, inter function communication, array applications, two – dimensional arrays, multidimensional arrays.

UNIT - III

Pointers – Introduction, Pointers for inter function communication, pointers to pointers, compatibility,

Pointer Applications – Passing an array to a function, Memory allocation functions, array of pointers

Strings – Concepts, C Strings, String Input / Output functions, arrays of strings, string manipulation functions, string / data conversion.

UNIT - IV

Derived types – The Typedef, enumerated types, Structures – Declaration, definition and initialization of structures, accessing structures, operations on structures, complex structures. Unions – Referencing unions, initializers, unions and structures.

Input and Output – Text vs Binary streams, standard library functions for files, converting file types, File programs – copy, merge files.

UNIT – V

Sorting- selection sort, bubble sort, insertion sort,

Searching-linear and binary search methods.

Data Structures – Introduction to Data Structures, abstract data types, Linear list – singly linked list implementation, insertion, deletion and searching operations on linear list, Stacks-Operations, array and linked representations of stacks, stack applications, Queues-operations, array and linked representations.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. C Programming & Data Structures, B.A.Forouzan and R.F. Gilberg, Third Edition, Cengage Learning.
2. Problem Solving and Program Design in C, J.R. Hanly and E.B. Koffman, Fifth Edition, Pearson Education.
3. The C Programming Language, B.W. Kernighan and Dennis M.Ritchie, PHI/Pearson Education

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. C & Data structures – P. Padmanabham, 3rd Edition, B.S. Publications.
2. C Programming with problem solving, J.A. Jones & K. Harrow, Dreamtech Press
3. Programming in C – Stephen G. Kochan, III Edition, Pearson Education.
4. C for Engineers and Scientists, H. Cheng, McGraw-Hill International Edition
5. Data Structures using C – A. M. Tanenbaum, Y. Langsam, and M.J. Augenstein, Pearson Education / PHI
6. C Programming & Data Structures, E. Balagurusamy, TMH.
7. C Programming & Data Structures, P. Dey, M Ghosh R Thereja, Oxford University Press
8. C & Data structures – E V Prasad and N B Venkateswarlu, S. Chand & Co.

ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT ANALYSIS –I**B.Tech. I Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Prerequisites: Mathematics**Course Objectives:**

- To gain knowledge in circuits and to understand the fundamentals of derived circuit laws.
- To learn steady state and transient analysis of single phase and 3-phase circuits.
- To understand Theorems and concepts of coupled circuits.

Course Outcomes: After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Understand network analysis, techniques using mesh and node analysis.
- Evaluate steady state and transient behavior of circuits for DC and AC excitations.
- Analyze electric circuits using network theorems and concepts of coupled circuits.

Course Objectives	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
To gain knowledge in circuits and to understand the fundamentals of derived circuit laws.	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	2	2	1	3
To learn steady state and transient analysis of single and three phase circuits.	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	3
To understand Theorems and concepts of coupled circuits.	3	2	3	1	3	3	1	1	2	2	2	3

Course Outcomes	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
Understand network analysis, techniques using mesh and node analysis.	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	2
Evaluate steady state and transient behaviour of circuits for DC and AC excitations.	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3
Analyse electric circuits using network theorems and concepts of coupled circuits.	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	1	3	3	2

UNIT-I:

Network Elements & Laws: Active elements, Independent and dependent sources. Passive elements — R, L and C, Energy stored in inductance and capacitance, Kirchhoff's laws, Source transformations, Star-delta transformations, Node voltage method, Mesh current method including super node and super mesh analysis.

UNIT-II:

Single-Phase Circuits: RMS and average values of periodic sinusoidal and non- sinusoidal waveforms, Phasor representation, Steady-state response of series, parallel and series-parallel circuits. Impedance, Admittance, Current locus diagrams of RL and RC series and parallel circuits with variation of various parameters. Resonance: Series and parallel circuits, Bandwidth and Q-factor.

UNIT-III:

Network theorems: Superposition theorem, Thevinin's theorem, Norton's theorems, Maximum power

transfer theorem, Tellegen's theorem, Compensation theorem, Milliman's theorem and Reciprocity theorem. (AC & DC).

UNIT-IV:

Poly-phase Circuits: Analysis of balanced and unbalanced 3-phase circuits, Star and delta connections, Measurement of three-phase power for balanced and unbalanced loads.

UNIT-V:

Coupled circuits: Concept of self and mutual inductance, Dot convention, Coefficient of coupling, Analysis of circuits with mutual inductance.

Topological Description of Networks: Graph, tree, chord, cut-set, incident matrix, circuit matrix and cut-set matrix,

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Van Valkenburg M.E, "Network Analysis", Prentice Hall of India, 3rd Edition, 2000.
2. Ravish R Singh, "Network Analysis and Synthesis", McGrawHill, 2nd Edition, 2019.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. B. Subramanyam, "Electric Circuit Analysis", Dreamtech Press & Wiley, 2021.
2. James W. Nilsson, Susan A. Riedel, "Electric Circuits", Pearson, 11th Edition, 2020.
3. A Sudhakar, Shyammohan S Palli, "Circuits and Networks: Analysis and Synthesis", McGraw Hill, 5th Edition, 2017.
4. Jagan N.C, Lakshminarayana C., "Network Analysis", B.S. Publications, 3rd Edition, 2014.
5. William Hayt H, Kimmerly Jack E. and Steven Durbin M, "Engineering Circuit Analysis", McGraw Hill, 6th Edition, 2002.
6. Chakravarthy A., "Circuit Theory", Dhanpat Rai & Co., First Edition, 1999.

COMPUTER AIDED ENGINEERING GRAPHICS**B.Tech. I Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
1	0	4	3

Pre-requisites: Nil**Course Objectives:**

- To develop the ability of visualization of different objects through technical drawings
- To acquire computer drafting skill for communication of concepts, ideas in the design of engineering products

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Apply computer aided drafting tools to create 2D and 3D objects
- sketch conics and different types of solids
- Appreciate the need of Sectional views of solids and Development of surfaces of solids
- Read and interpret engineering drawings
- Conversion of orthographic projection into isometric view and vice versa manually and by using computer aided drafting

UNIT – I:

Introduction to Engineering Graphics: Principles of Engineering Graphics and their Significance, Scales – Plain & Diagonal, Conic Sections including the Rectangular Hyperbola – General method only. Cycloid, Epicycloid and Hypocycloid, Introduction to Computer aided drafting – views, commands and conics

UNIT- II:

Orthographic Projections: Principles of Orthographic Projections – Conventions – Projections of Points and Lines, Projections of Plane regular geometric figures. Auxiliary Planes. Computer aided orthographic projections – points, lines and planes

UNIT – III:

Projections of Regular Solids – Auxiliary Views - Sections or Sectional views of Right Regular Solids – Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid, Cone – Auxiliary views, Computer aided projections of solids – sectional views

UNIT – IV:

Development of Surfaces of Right Regular Solids – Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid and Cone, Development of surfaces using computer aided drafting

UNIT – V:

Isometric Projections: Principles of Isometric Projection – Isometric Scale – Isometric Views – Conventions – Isometric Views of Lines, Plane Figures, Simple and Compound Solids – Isometric Projection of objects having non- isometric lines. Isometric Projection of Spherical Parts. Conversion of Isometric Views to Orthographic Views and Vice-versa –Conventions. Conversion of orthographic projection into isometric view using computer aided drafting.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Engineering Drawing N.D. Bhatt / Charotar
2. Engineering Drawing and graphics Using AutoCAD Third Edition, T. Jeyapoovan, Vikas: S. Chand and company Ltd.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Engineering Drawing, Basant Agrawal and C M Agrawal, Third Edition McGraw Hill
2. Engineering Graphics and Design, WILEY, Edition 2020
3. Engineering Drawing, M. B. Shah, B.C. Rane / Pearson.
4. Engineering Drawing, N. S. Parthasarathy and Vela Murali, Oxford
5. Computer Aided Engineering Drawing – K Balaveera Reddy et al – CBS Publishers

Note: - External examination is conducted in conventional mode and internal evaluation to be done by both conventional as well as using computer aided drafting.

ELEMENTS OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING**B.Tech. I Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

Prerequisites: Elements of Electrical Engineering**Course Objectives:**

- To measure the electrical parameters for different types of DC and AC circuits using conventional and theorems approach.
- To study the transient response of various R, L and C circuits using different excitations.
- To determine the performance of different types of DC machines and Transformers.

Course Outcomes: After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Verify the basic Electrical circuits through different experiments.
- Evaluate the performance calculations of Electrical Machines and Transformers through various testing methods.
- Analyze the transient responses of R, L and C circuits for different input conditions.

Course Objectives	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
To measure the electrical parameters for different types of DC and AC circuits using conventional and theorems approach	3	2	1		2	0	0	1	2	0	1	2
To study the transient response of various R, L and C circuits using different excitations	3	2	1	1	3	0	0	0	2	0	1	1
To determine the performance of different types of DC machines and Transformers	3	2	0		3	0	0	0	1	2	1	1

Course Outcomes	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
Verify the basic Electrical circuits through different experiments	3	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	2
Evaluate the performance calculations of Electrical Machines and Transformers through various testing methods	3	2	1	0	3	1	0	1	1	2	1	2
Analyse the transient responses of R, L and C circuits for different input conditions	3	2	1	1	3	2	0	0	1	0	2	2

List of experiments/demonstrations:**PART-A (compulsory)**

1. Verification Ohm's Law
2. Verification of KVL and KCL
3. Verification of Thevenin's and Norton's theorem

4. Verification of Superposition theorem
5. Calculations and Verification of Impedance and Current of RL, RC and RLC series circuits
6. Measurement of Voltage, Current and Real Power in primary and Secondary Circuits of a Single-Phase Transformer
7. Performance Characteristics of a DC Shunt Motor
8. Open Circuit and Short Circuit Tests on 1-phase Transformer

PART-B (any two experiments from the given list)

1. Load Test on Single Phase Transformer (Calculate Efficiency and Regulation)
2. Verification of Reciprocity and Milliman's Theorem.
3. Verification of Maximum Power Transfer Theorem.
4. Determination of form factor for non-sinusoidal waveform
5. Transient Response of Series RL and RC circuits for DC excitation

TEXTBOOKS:

1. D.P. Kothari and I. J. Nagrath, "Basic Electrical Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, 4th Edition, 2019.
2. MS Naidu and S Kamakshaiah, "Basic Electrical Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition, 2008.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. P.Ramana, M.Suryakalavathi, G.T.Chandrasheker, "Basic Electrical Engineering", S.Chand, 2nd Edition, 2019.
2. D. C. Kulshreshtha, "Basic Electrical Engineering", McGraw Hill, 2009
3. M.S.Sukhija, T.K.Nagsarkar, "Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering", Oxford, 1st Edition, 2012.
4. Abhijit Chakrabarthy, Sudipta Debnath, Chandan Kumar Chanda, "Basic Electrical Engineering", 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill, 2021.
5. L. S. Bobrow, "Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering", Oxford University Press, 2011.
6. E. Hughes, "Electrical and Electronics Technology", Pearson, 2010.
7. V. D. Toro, "Electrical Engineering Fundamentals", Prentice Hall India, 1989.

ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY LABORATORY**B.Tech. I Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

Course Objectives: The course consists of experiments related to the principles of chemistry required for engineering student. The student will learn:

- Estimation of hardness of water to check its suitability for drinking purpose.
- Students are able to perform estimations of acids and bases using conductometry, potentiometry and pH metry methods.
- Students will learn to prepare polymers such as Bakelite and nylon-6 in the laboratory.
- Students will learn skills related to the lubricant properties such as saponification value, surface tension and viscosity of oils.

Course Outcomes: The experiments will make the student gain skills on:

- Determination of parameters like hardness of water and rate of corrosion of mild steel in various conditions.
- Able to perform methods such as conductometry, potentiometry and pH metry in order to find out the concentrations or equivalence points of acids and bases.
- Students are able to prepare polymers like bakelite and nylon-6.
- Estimations saponification value, surface tension and viscosity of lubricant oils.

List of Experiments:

I. Volumetric Analysis: Estimation of Hardness of water by EDTAComplexometry method.

II. Conductometry: Estimation of the concentration of an acid by Conductometry.

III. Potentiometry: Estimation of the amount of Fe^{+2} by Potentiometry.

IV. pH Metry: Determination of an acid concentration using pH meter.

V. Preparations:

1. Preparation of Bakelite.
2. Preparation Nylon – 6.

VI. Lubricants:

1. Estimation of acid value of given lubricant oil.
2. Estimation of Viscosity of lubricant oil using Ostwald's Viscometer.

VII. Corrosion: Determination of rate of corrosion of mild steel in the presence and absence of inhibitor.

VIII. Virtual lab experiments

1. Construction of Fuel cell and its working.
2. Smart materials for Biomedical applications
3. Batteries for electrical vehicles.
4. Functioning of solar cell and its applications.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Lab manual for Engineering chemistry by B. Ramadevi and P. Aparna, S Chand Publications, New Delhi (2022)
2. Vogel's text book of practical organic chemistry 5th edition
3. Inorganic Quantitative analysis by A.I. Vogel, ELBS Publications.
4. College Practical Chemistry by V.K. Ahluwalia, Narosa Publications Ltd. New Delhi (2007).

C PROGRAMMING AND DATA STRUCTURES LABORATORY**B.Tech. I Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

Course Objectives: Introduce the importance of programming, C language constructs, program development, data structures, searching and sorting.

Course Outcomes:

1. Develop modular and readable C Programs
2. Solve problems using strings, functions
3. Handle data in files
4. Implement stacks, queues using arrays, linked lists.
5. To understand and analyze various searching and sorting algorithms.

List of Experiments:

1. Write a C program to find the sum of individual digits of a positive integer.
2. Fibonacci sequence is defined as follows: the first and second terms in the sequence are 0 and 1. Subsequent terms are found by adding the preceding two terms in the sequence.
3. Write a C program to generate the first n terms of the sequence.
4. Write a C program to generate all the prime numbers between 1 and n, where n is a value supplied by the user.
5. Write a C program to find the roots of a quadratic equation.
6. Write a C program to find the factorial of a given integer.
7. Write a C program to find the GCD (greatest common divisor) of two given integers.
8. Write a C program to solve Towers of Hanoi problem.
9. Write a C program, which takes two integer operands and one operator from the user, performs the operation and then prints the result. (Consider the operators +, -, *, /, % and use Switch Statement)
10. Write a C program to find both the largest and smallest number in a list of integers.
11. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following:
 - i) Addition of Two Matrices
 - ii) Multiplication of Two Matrices
12. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations:
 - i) To insert a sub-string in to a given main string from a given position.
 - ii) To delete n Characters from a given position in a given string.
13. Write a C program to determine if the given string is a palindrome or not
14. Write a C program that displays the position or index in the string S where the string T begins, or – 1 if S doesn't contain T.
15. Write a C program to count the lines, words and characters in a given text.
16. Write a C program to generate Pascal's triangle.
17. Write a C program to construct a pyramid of numbers.
18. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations:
 - i) Reading a complex number
 - ii) Writing a complex number
 - iii) Addition of two complex numbers
 - iv) Multiplication of two complex numbers
 (Note: represent complex number using a structure.)
19.
 - i. Write a C program which copies one file to another.
 - ii. Write a C program to reverse the first n characters in a file.
 (Note: The file name and n are specified on the command line.)

19.
 - i. Write a C program to display the contents of a file.
 - ii. Write a C program to merge two files into a third file (i.e., the contents of the first file followed by those of the second are put in the third file)
20. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations on singly linked list.:
 - i) Creation
 - ii) Insertion
 - iii) Deletion
 - iv) Traversal
21. Write C programs that implement stack (its operations) using
 - i) Arrays
 - ii) Pointers
22. Write C programs that implement Queue (its operations) using
 - i) Arrays
 - ii) Pointers
23. Write a C program that implements the following sorting methods to sort a given list of integers in ascending order
 - i) Bubble sort
 - ii) Selection sort
 - iii) Insertion sort
24. Write C programs that use both recursive and non recursive functions to perform the following searching operations for a Key value in a given list of integers:
 - i) Linear search
 - ii) Binary search

TEXT BOOKS:

1. C Programming & Data Structures, B.A. Forouzan and R. F. Gilberg, Third Edition, Cengage Learning.
2. Let us C, Yeswanth Kanitkar
3. C Programming, Balaguruswamy.

ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS AND VECTOR CALCULUS**B.Tech. I Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	4

Pre-requisites: Mathematical Knowledge at pre-university level**Course Objectives:** To learn

- Methods of solving the differential equations of first and higher order.
- Concept, properties of Laplace transforms
- Solving ordinary differential equations using Laplace transforms techniques.
- The physical quantities involved in engineering field related to vector valued functions
- The basic properties of vector valued functions and their applications to line, surface and volume integrals

Course outcomes: After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Identify whether the given differential equation of first order is exact or not
- Solve higher differential equation and apply the concept of differential equation to real world problems.
- Use the Laplace transforms techniques for solving ODE's.
- Evaluate the line, surface and volume integrals and converting them from one to another

UNIT-I: First Order ODE**8 L**

Exact differential equations, Equations reducible to exact differential equations, linear and Bernoulli's equations, Orthogonal Trajectories (only in Cartesian Coordinates). Applications: Newton's law of cooling, Law of natural growth and decay.

UNIT-II: Ordinary Differential Equations of Higher Order**10 L**

Second order linear differential equations with constant coefficients: Non-Homogeneous terms of the type e^{ax} , $\sin ax$, $\cos ax$, polynomials in x , $e^{ax}V(x)$ and $xV(x)$, method of variation of parameters, Equations reducible to linear ODE with constant coefficients: Legendre's equation, Cauchy-Euler equation. Applications: Electric Circuits

UNIT-III: Laplace transforms**10 L**

Laplace Transforms: Laplace Transform of standard functions, First shifting theorem, Second shifting theorem, Unit step function, Dirac delta function, Laplace transforms of functions when they are multiplied and divided by 't', Laplace transforms of derivatives and integrals of function, Evaluation of integrals by Laplace transforms, Laplace transform of periodic functions, Inverse Laplace transform by different methods, convolution theorem (without proof). Applications: solving Initial value problems by Laplace Transform method.

UNIT-IV: Vector Differentiation**10 L**

Vector point functions and scalar point functions, Gradient, Divergence and Curl, Directional derivatives, Tangent plane and normal line, Vector Identities, Scalar potential functions, Solenoidal and Irrotational vectors.

UNIT-V: Vector Integration**10 L**

Line, Surface and Volume Integrals, Theorems of Green, Gauss and Stokes (without proofs) and their applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36th Edition, 2010

2. R.K. Jain and S.R.K. Iyengar, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Narosa Publications, 5th Edition, 2016.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.
2. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9th Edition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002.
3. H. K. Dass and Er. Rajnish Verma, Higher Engineering Mathematics, S Chand and Company Limited, New Delhi.
4. N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal, A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, Reprint, 2008.

APPLIED PHYSICS**B.Tech. I Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	4

Pre-requisites: 10 + 2 Physics**Course Objectives:** The objectives of this course for the student are to:

1. Understand the basic principles of quantum physics and band theory of solids.
2. Understand the underlying mechanism involved in construction and working principles of various semiconductor devices.
3. Study the fundamental concepts related to the dielectric, magnetic and energy materials.
4. Identify the importance of nanoscale, quantum confinement and various fabrications techniques.
5. Study the characteristics of lasers and optical fibres.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the student will be able to:

1. Understand physical world from fundamental point of view by the concepts of Quantum mechanics and visualize the difference between conductor, semiconductor, and an insulator by classification of solids.
2. Identify the role of semiconductor devices in science and engineering Applications.
3. Explore the fundamental properties of dielectric, magnetic materials and energy for their applications.
4. Appreciate the features and applications of Nanomaterials.
5. Understand various aspects of Lasers and Optical fiber and their applications in diverse fields.

UNIT - I: QUANTUM PHYSICS AND SOLIDS

Quantum Mechanics: Introduction to quantum physics, blackbody radiation – Stefan-Boltzmann's law, Wein's and Rayleigh-Jean's law, Planck's radiation law - photoelectric effect - Davisson and Germer experiment –Heisenberg uncertainty principle - Born interpretation of the wave function – time independent Schrodinger wave equation - particle in one dimensional potential box.

Solids: Symmetry in solids, free electron theory (Drude & Lorentz, Sommerfeld) - Fermi-Dirac distribution - Bloch's theorem -Kronig-Penney model – E-K diagram- effective mass of electron-origin of energy bands- classification of solids.

UNIT - II: SEMICONDUCTORS AND DEVICES

Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors – Hall effect - direct and indirect band gap semiconductors - construction, principle of operation and characteristics of P-N Junction diode, Zener diode and bipolar junction transistor (BJT)–LED, PIN diode, avalanche photo diode (APD) and solar cells, their structure, materials, working principle and characteristics.

UNIT - III: DIELECTRIC, MAGNETIC AND ENERGY MATERIALS

Dielectric Materials: Basic definitions- types of polarizations (qualitative) - ferroelectric, piezoelectric, and pyroelectric materials – applications – liquid crystal displays (LCD) and crystal oscillators.

Magnetic Materials: Hysteresis - soft and hard magnetic materials - magnetostriction, magnetoresistance - applications - bubble memory devices, magnetic field sensors and multiferroics.

Energy Materials: Conductivity of liquid and solid electrolytes- superionic conductors - materials and electrolytes for super capacitors - rechargeable ion batteries, solid fuel cells.

UNIT - IV: NANOTECHNOLOGY

Nanoscale, quantum confinement, surface to volume ratio, bottom-up fabrication: sol-gel, precipitation, combustion methods – top-down fabrication: ball milling - physical vapor deposition (PVD) - chemical

vapor deposition (CVD) - characterization techniques - XRD, SEM & TEM - applications of nanomaterials.

UNIT - V: LASER AND FIBER OPTICS

Lasers: Laser beam characteristics-three quantum processes-Einstein coefficients and their relations-lasing action - pumping methods- ruby laser, He-Ne laser, CO₂ laser, Argon ion Laser, Nd:YAG laser-semiconductor laser-applications of laser.

Fiber Optics: Introduction to optical fiber- advantages of optical Fibers - total internal reflection-construction of optical fiber - acceptance angle - numerical aperture- classification of optical fibers-losses in optical fiber - optical fiber for communication system - applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. M. N. Avadhanulu, P.G. Kshirsagar & TVS Arun Murthy" A Text book of Engineering Physics"- S. Chand Publications, 11th Edition 2019.
2. Engineering Physics by Shatendra Sharma and Jyotsna Sharma, Pearson Publication, 2019
3. Semiconductor Physics and Devices- Basic Principle – Donald A, Neamen, Mc Graw Hill, 4th Edition, 2021.
4. B.K. Pandey and S. Chaturvedi, Engineering Physics, Cengage Learning, 2nd Edition, 2022.
5. Essentials of Nanoscience & Nanotechnology by Narasimha Reddy Katta, Typical Creatives NANO DIGEST, 1st Edition, 2021.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Quantum Physics, H.C. Verma, TBS Publication, 2nd Edition 2012.
2. Fundamentals of Physics – Halliday, Resnick and Walker, John Wiley & Sons, 11th Edition, 2018.
3. Introduction to Solid State Physics, Charles Kittel, Wiley Eastern, 2019.
4. Elementary Solid-State Physics, S.L. Gupta and V. Kumar, Pragathi Prakashan, 2019.
5. A.K. Bhandhopadhyaya - Nano Materials, New Age International, 1st Edition, 2007.
6. Energy Materials a Short Introduction to Functional Materials for Energy Conversion and Storage Aliaksandr S. Bandarenka, CRC Press Taylor & Francis Group Energy Materials Taylor & Francis Group, 1st Edition, 2022.

ENGINEERING WORKSHOP**B.Tech. I Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
1	0	3	2.5

Pre-requisites: Practical skill**Course Objectives:**

- To Study of different hand operated power tools, uses and their demonstration.
- To gain a good basic working knowledge required for the production of various engineering products.
- To provide hands on experience about use of different engineering materials, tools, equipments and processes those are common in the engineering field.
- To develop a right attitude, team working, precision and safety at work place.
- It explains the construction, function, use and application of different working tools, equipment and machines.
- To study commonly used carpentry joints.
- To have practical exposure to various welding and joining processes.
- Identify and use marking out tools, hand tools, measuring equipment and to work to prescribed tolerances.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- CO 1: Study and practice on machine tools and their operations
- CO 2: Practice on manufacturing of components using workshop trades including plumbing, fitting, carpentry, foundry, house wiring and welding.
- CO 3: Identify and apply suitable tools for different trades of Engineering processes including drilling, material removing, measuring, chiseling.
- CO 4: Apply basic electrical engineering knowledge for house wiring practice.

1. TRADES FOR EXERCISES:**At least two exercises from each trade:**

- Carpentry – (T-Lap Joint, Dovetail Joint, Mortise & Tenon Joint)
- Fitting – (V-Fit, Dovetail Fit & Semi-circular fit)
- Tin-Smithy – (Square Tin, Rectangular Tray & Conical Funnel)
- Foundry – (Preparation of Green Sand Mould using Single Piece and Split Pattern)
- Welding Practice – (Arc Welding & Gas Welding)
- House-wiring – (Parallel & Series, Two-way Switch and Tube Light)
- Black Smithy – (Round to Square, Fan Hook and S-Hook)

2. TRADES FOR DEMONSTRATION & EXPOSURE:

Plumbing, Machine Shop, Metal Cutting (Water Plasma), Power tools in construction and Wood Working

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Workshop Practice /B. L. Juneja / Cengage
2. Workshop Manual / K. Venugopal / Anuradha.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Work shop Manual - P. Kannaiah/ K.L. Narayana/ Scitech
2. Workshop Manual / Venkat Reddy/ BSP

ENGLISH FOR SKILL ENHANCEMENT**B.Tech. I Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
2	0	0	2

Course Objectives: This course will enable the students to:

1. Improve the language proficiency of students in English with an emphasis on Vocabulary, Grammar, Reading and Writing skills.
2. Develop study skills and communication skills in various professional situations.
3. Equip students to study engineering subjects more effectively and critically using the theoretical and practical components of the syllabus.

Course Outcomes: Students will be able to:

1. Understand the importance of vocabulary and sentence structures.
2. Choose appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures for their oral and written communication.
3. Demonstrate their understanding of the rules of functional grammar.
4. Develop comprehension skills from the known and unknown passages.
5. Take an active part in drafting paragraphs, letters, essays, abstracts, précis and reports in various contexts.
6. Acquire basic proficiency in reading and writing modules of English.

UNIT - I

Chapter entitled '**Toasted English**' by **R.K.Narayan** from "**English: Language, Context and Culture**" published by Orient BlackSwan, Hyderabad.

Vocabulary: The Concept of Word Formation -The Use of Prefixes and Suffixes - Acquaintance with Prefixes and Suffixes from Foreign Languages to form Derivatives - Synonyms and Antonyms

Grammar: Identifying Common Errors in Writing with Reference to Articles and Prepositions.

Reading: Reading and Its Importance- Techniques for Effective Reading.

Writing: Sentence Structures -Use of Phrases and Clauses in Sentences- Importance of Proper Punctuation- Techniques for Writing precisely – Paragraph Writing – Types, Structures and Features of a Paragraph - Creating Coherence-Organizing Principles of Paragraphs in Documents.

UNIT - II

Chapter entitled '**ApproJRD**' by **Sudha Murthy** from "**English: Language, Context and Culture**" published by Orient BlackSwan, Hyderabad.

Vocabulary: Words Often Misspelt - Homophones, Homonyms and Homographs

Grammar: Identifying Common Errors in Writing with Reference to Noun-pronoun Agreement and Subject-verb Agreement.

Reading: Sub-Skills of Reading – Skimming and Scanning – Exercises for Practice

Writing: Nature and Style of Writing- Defining /Describing People, Objects, Places and Events – Classifying- Providing Examples or Evidence.

UNIT - III

Chapter entitled '**Lessons from Online Learning**' by **F.HaiderAlvi, Deborah Hurst et al** from "**English: Language, Context and Culture**" published by Orient BlackSwan, Hyderabad.

Vocabulary: Words Often Confused - Words from Foreign Languages and their Use in English.

Grammar: Identifying Common Errors in Writing with Reference to Misplaced Modifiers and Tenses.

- Reading:** Sub-Skills of Reading – Intensive Reading and Extensive Reading – Exercises for Practice.
- Writing:** Format of a Formal Letter-Writing Formal Letters E.g., Letter of Complaint, Letter of Requisition, Email Etiquette, Job Application with CV/Resume.

UNIT - IV

Chapter entitled '**Art and Literature**' by **Abdul Kalam** from "**English: Language, Context and Culture**" published by Orient BlackSwan, Hyderabad.

- Vocabulary:** Standard Abbreviations in English
- Grammar:** Redundancies and Clichés in Oral and Written Communication.
- Reading:** Survey, Question, Read, Recite and Review (SQ3R Method) - Exercises for Practice
- Writing:** Writing Practices- Essay Writing-Writing Introduction and Conclusion -Précis Writing.

UNIT - V

Chapter entitled '**Go, Kiss the World**' by **Subroto Bagchi** from "**English: Language, Context and Culture**" published by Orient BlackSwan, Hyderabad.

- Vocabulary:** Technical Vocabulary and their Usage
- Grammar:** Common Errors in English (*Covering all the other aspects of grammar which were not covered in the previous units*)
- Reading:** Reading Comprehension-Exercises for Practice
- Writing:** Technical Reports- Introduction – Characteristics of a Report – Categories of Reports
Formats- Structure of Reports (Manuscript Format) -Types of Reports - Writing a Report.

Note: *Listening and Speaking Skills which are given under Unit-6 in AICTE Model Curriculum are covered in the syllabus of ELCS Lab Course.*

- **Note: 1.** As the syllabus of English given in AICTE Model Curriculum-2018 for B.Tech First Year is **Open-ended**, besides following the prescribed textbook, it is required to prepare teaching/learning materials **by the teachers collectively** in the form of handouts based on the needs of the students in their respective colleges for effective teaching/learning in the class.
- **Note: 2.** Based on the recommendations of NEP2020, teachers are requested to be flexible to adopt Blended Learning in dealing with the course contents. They are advised to teach 40 percent of each topic from the syllabus in blended mode.

TEXT BOOK:

1. "English: Language, Context and Culture" by Orient BlackSwan Pvt. Ltd, Hyderabad. 2022. Print.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Effective Academic Writing by Liss and Davis (OUP)
2. Richards, Jack C. (2022) Interchange Series. Introduction, 1,2,3. Cambridge University Press
3. Wood, F.T. (2007). Remedial English Grammar. Macmillan.
4. Chaudhuri, Santanu Sinha. (2018). Learn English: A Fun Book of Functional Language, Grammar and Vocabulary. (2nd ed.). Sage Publications India Pvt. Ltd.
5. (2019). Technical Communication. Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
6. Vishwamohan, Aysha. (2013). English for Technical Communication for Engineering Students. Mc Graw-Hill Education India Pvt. Ltd.
7. Swan, Michael. (2016). Practical English Usage. Oxford University Press. Fourth Edition.

ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT ANALYSIS – II**B.Tech. I Year II Sem.****L T P C**
2 0 0 2**Prerequisites:** Mathematics**Course Objectives:**

- To study the transient analysis of various R, L and C circuits for different inputs
- To understand the Fourier series and Laplace transformation.
- To learn about two-port networks and concept of filters.

Course Outcomes: After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Observe the response of various R, L and C circuits for different excitations.
- Examine the behavior of circuits using Fourier, Laplace transforms and transfer function of single port network.
- Obtain two port network parameters and applications and design of various filters.

Course Objectives	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
To study the transient analysis of various R, L and C circuits for different inputs	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	2	2	1	3
To understand the Fourier series and Laplace transformation.	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	3
To learn about two-port networks and concept of filters.	3	2	3	1	3	3	1	1	2	2	2	3

Course Outcomes	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
Observe the response of various R, L and C circuits for different excitations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	2
Examine the behavior of circuits using Fourier, Laplace transforms and transfer function of single port network.	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3
Obtain two port network parameters and applications and design of various filters.	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	1	3	3	2

UNIT-I:

Transient analysis: Transient response of R, L & C circuits, Formulation of integral differential equations, Initial conditions, Transient Response of RL, RC and RLC (series and parallel) networks subjected to internal energy, Response to impulse, step, and ramp, exponential and sinusoidal excitations.

UNIT-II:

Electrical circuit Analysis using Laplace Transforms: Application of Laplace Transforms to RL, RC and RLC (series and parallel) Networks for impulse, step, and ramp, exponential and sinusoidal excitations.

UNIT-III:

Two port network parameters: Open circuit impedance, short-circuit admittance, Transmission, Hybrid parameters & inter-relationships, Series, parallel and cascade connection of two port networks, System function, and Impedance and admittance functions.

UNIT-IV:

Fourier Series and Integral: Fourier series representation of periodic functions, Symmetry conditions, Exponential Fourier series, Discrete spectrum, Fourier integral and its properties, Continuous spectrum, Application to simple networks

UNIT-V:

Filters: Classification of filters – Low pass, High pass, Band pass and Band Elimination, Constant-k and M-derived filters-Low pass and High pass Filters and Band pass and Band elimination filters (Elementary treatment only)

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Van Valkenburg M.E, "Network Analysis", Prentice Hall of India, 3rd Edition, 2000.
2. Ravish R Singh, "Network Analysis and Synthesis", McGrawHill, 2nd Edition, 2019.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. B. Subramanyam, "Electric Circuit Analysis", Dreamtech Press & Wiley, 2021.
2. James W. Nilsson, Susan A.Riedel, "Electric Circuits", Pearson, 11th Edition, 2020.
3. A Sudhakar, Shyammohan S Palli, "Circuits and Networks: Analysis and Synthesis", McGraw Hill, 5th Edition, 2017.
4. Jagan N.C, Lakshminarayana C., "Network Analysis", B.S. Publications, 3rd Edition, 2014.
5. William Hayt H, Kimmerly Jack E. and Steven Durbin M, "Engineering Circuit Analysis", McGraw Hill, 6th Edition, 2002.
6. Chakravarthy A., "Circuit Theory", Dhanpat Rai & Co., First Edition, 1999.

APPLIED PYTHON PROGRAMMING LABORATORY**B.Tech. I Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
0	1	2	2

Course Outcomes: Upon completing this course, the students will be able to

1. Build basic programs using fundamental programming constructs
2. Write and execute python codes for different applications
3. Capable to implement on hardware boards

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	2	1	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	1	1
CO2	2	3	2	1	1	2	-	-	1	-	1	1
CO3	2	3	2	1	1	2	-	-	1	-	1	1

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:**Cycle - 1**

1. Downloading and Installing Python and Modules
 - a) Python 3 on Linux
Follow the instructions given in the URL <https://docs.python-guide.org/starting/install3/linux/>
 - b) Python 3 on Windows
Follow the instructions given in the URL <https://docs.python.org/3/using/windows.html>
(Please remember that Windows installation of Python is harder!)
 - c) pip3 on Windows and Linux
Install the Python package installer by following the instructions given in the URL <https://www.activestate.com/resources/quick-reads/how-to-install-and-use-pip3/>
 - d) Installing numpy and scipy
You can install any python3 package using the command `pip3 install <packagename>`
 - e) Installing jupyterlab
Install from pip using the command `pip install jupyterlab`
2. Introduction to Python3
 - a) Printing your biodata on the screen
 - b) Printing all the primes less than a given number
 - c) Finding all the factors of a number and show whether it is a *perfect* number, i.e., the sum of all its factors (excluding the number itself) is equal to the number itself
3. Defining and Using Functions
 - a) Write a function to read data from a file and display it on the screen
 - b) Define a boolean function *is palindrome*(<input>)
 - c) Write a function *collatz*(*x*) which does the following: if *x* is odd, $x = 3x + 1$; if *x* is even, then $x = x/2$. Return the number of steps it takes for $x = 1$
 - d) Write a function $N(m, s) = \exp(-(x-m)^2/(2s^2))/\sqrt{2\pi}s$ that computes the Normal distribution
4. The package numpy
 - a) Creating a matrix of given order $m \times n$ containing *random numbers* in the range 1 to 99999
 - b) Write a program that adds, subtracts and multiplies two matrices. Provide an interface such that, based on the prompt, the function (addition, subtraction, multiplication) should be performed
 - c) Write a program to solve a system of n linear equations in n variables using matrix inverse

5. The package scipy and pyplot
 - a) Finding if two sets of data have the same *mean* value
 - b) Plotting data read from a file
 - c) Fitting a function through a set a data points using *polyfit* function
 - d) Plotting a histogram of a given data set
6. The strings package
 - a) Read text from a file and print the number of lines, words and characters
 - b) Read text from a file and return a list of all *n* letter words beginning with a vowel
 - c) Finding a secret message hidden in a paragraph of text
 - d) Plot a histogram of words according to their length from text read from a file

Cycle -2

7. Installing OS on Raspberry Pi
 - a) Installation using Pilmager
 - b) Installation using image file
 - Downloading an Image
 - Writing the image to an SD card
 - using Linux
 - using Windows
 - Booting up

Follow the instructions given in the URL

<https://www.raspberrypi.com/documentation/computers/getting-started.html>

8. Accessing GPIO pins using Python
 - a) Installing GPIO Zero library.

First, update your repositories list:

```
sudo apt update
```

Then install the package for Python 3:

```
sudo apt install python3-gpiozero
```
 - b) Blinking an LED connected to one of the GPIO pin
 - c) Adjusting the brightness of an LED

Adjust the brightness of an LED (0 to 100, where 100 means maximum brightness) using the in-built PWM wavelength.

9. Collecting Sensor Data
 - a) DHT Sensor interface
 - Connect the terminals of DHT GPIO pins of Raspberry Pi.
 - Import the DHT library using `import Adafruit_DHT`
 - Read sensor data and display it on screen.

APPLIED PHYSICS LABORATORY**B.Tech. I Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
0	0	3	1.5

Course Objectives: The objectives of this course for the student to

1. Capable of handling instruments related to the Hall effect and photoelectric effect experiments and their measurements.
2. Understand the characteristics of various devices such as PN junction diode, Zener diode, BJT, LED, solar cell, lasers and optical fiber and measurement of energy gap and resistivity of semiconductor materials.
3. Able to measure the characteristics of dielectric constant of a given material.
4. Study the behavior of B-H curve of ferromagnetic materials.
5. Understanding the method of least squares fitting.

Course Outcomes: The students will be able to:

1. Know the determination of the Planck's constant using Photo electric effect and identify the material whether it is n-type or p-type by Hall experiment.
2. Appreciate quantum physics in semiconductor devices and optoelectronics.
3. Gain the knowledge of applications of dielectric constant.
4. Understand the variation of magnetic field and behavior of hysteresis curve.
5. Carried out data analysis.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Determination of work function and Planck's constant using photoelectric effect.
2. Determination of Hall co-efficient and carrier concentration of a given semiconductor.
3. Characteristics of series and parallel LCR circuits.
4. V-I characteristics of a p-n junction diode and Zener diode
5. Input and output characteristics of BJT (CE, CB & CC configurations)
6. a) V-I and L-I characteristics of light emitting diode (LED)
b) V-I Characteristics of solar cell
7. Determination of Energy gap of a semiconductor.
8. Determination of the resistivity of semiconductor by two probe method.
9. Study B-H curve of a magnetic material.
10. Determination of dielectric constant of a given material
11. a) Determination of the beam divergence of the given LASER beam
b) Determination of Acceptance Angle and Numerical Aperture of an optical fiber.
12. Understanding the method of least squares – torsional pendulum as an example.

Note: Any 8 experiments are to be performed.**REFERENCE BOOK:**

1. S. Balasubramanian, M.N. Srinivasan "A Text book of Practical Physics"- S Chand Publishers, 2017.

ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND COMMUNICATION SKILLS LAB**B.Tech. I Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

The **English Language and Communication Skills (ELCS) Lab** focuses on the production and practice of sounds of language and familiarizes the students with the use of English in everyday situations both in formal and informal contexts.

Course Objectives:

- ✓ To facilitate computer-assisted multi-media instruction enabling individualized and independent language learning
- ✓ To sensitize the students to the nuances of English speech sounds, word accent, intonation and rhythm
- ✓ To bring about a consistent accent and intelligibility in students' pronunciation of English by providing an opportunity for practice in speaking
- ✓ To improve the fluency of students in spoken English and neutralize the impact of dialects.
- ✓ To train students to use language appropriately for public speaking, group discussions and interviews

Course Outcomes: Students will be able to:

- ✓ Understand the nuances of English language through audio- visual experience and group activities
- ✓ Neutralise their accent for intelligibility
- ✓ Speak with clarity and confidence which in turn enhances their employability skills

Syllabus: English Language and Communication Skills Lab (ELCS) shall have two parts:

- a. **Computer Assisted Language Learning (CALL) Lab**
- b. **Interactive Communication Skills (ICS) Lab**

Listening Skills:**Objectives**

1. To enable students develop their listening skills so that they may appreciate the role in the LSRW skills approach to language and improve their pronunciation
2. To equip students with necessary training in listening, so that they can comprehend the speech of people of different backgrounds and regions

Students should be given practice in listening to the sounds of the language, to be able to recognize them and find the distinction between different sounds, to be able to mark stress and recognize and use the right intonation in sentences.

- Listening for general content
- Listening to fill up information
- Intensive listening
- Listening for specific information

Speaking Skills:**Objectives**

1. To involve students in speaking activities in various contexts
 2. To enable students express themselves fluently and appropriately in social and professional contexts
- Oral practice
 - Describing objects/situations/people
 - Role play – Individual/Group activities

- Just A Minute (JAM) Sessions

The following course content is prescribed for the **English Language and Communication Skills Lab**.

Exercise – I

CALL Lab:

Understand: Listening Skill- Its importance – Purpose- Process- Types- Barriers- Effective Listening.

Practice: Introduction to Phonetics – Speech Sounds – Vowels and Consonants – Minimal Pairs- Consonant Clusters- Past Tense Marker and Plural Marker- *Testing Exercises*

ICS Lab:

Understand: Spoken vs. Written language- Formal and Informal English.

Practice: Ice-Breaking Activity and JAM Session- Situational Dialogues – Greetings – Taking Leave – Introducing Oneself and Others.

Exercise – II

CALL Lab:

Understand: Structure of Syllables – Word Stress– Weak Forms and Strong Forms – Stress pattern in sentences – Intonation.

Practice: Basic Rules of Word Accent - Stress Shift - Weak Forms and Strong Forms- Stress pattern in sentences – Intonation - *Testing Exercises*

ICS Lab:

Understand: Features of Good Conversation – Strategies for Effective Communication.

Practice: Situational Dialogues – Role Play- Expressions in Various Situations –Making Requests and Seeking Permissions - Telephone Etiquette.

Exercise - III

CALL Lab:

Understand: Errors in Pronunciation-Neutralising Mother Tongue Interference (MTI).

Practice: Common Indian Variants in Pronunciation – Differences between British and American Pronunciation -*Testing Exercises*

ICS Lab:

Understand: Descriptions- Narrations- Giving Directions and Guidelines – Blog Writing

Practice: Giving Instructions – Seeking Clarifications – Asking for and Giving Directions – Thanking and Responding – Agreeing and Disagreeing – Seeking and Giving Advice – Making Suggestions.

Exercise – IV

CALL Lab:

Understand: Listening for General Details.

Practice: Listening Comprehension Tests - *Testing Exercises*

ICS Lab:

Understand: Public Speaking – Exposure to Structured Talks - Non-verbal Communication- Presentation Skills.

Practice: Making a Short Speech – Extempore- Making a Presentation.

Exercise – V

CALL Lab:

Understand: Listening for Specific Details.

Practice: Listening Comprehension Tests -*Testing Exercises*

ICS Lab:

Understand: Group Discussion

Practice: Group Discussion

Minimum Requirement of infrastructural facilities for ELCS Lab:**1. Computer Assisted Language Learning (CALL) Lab:**

The Computer Assisted Language Learning Lab has to accommodate 40 students with 40 systems, with one Master Console, LAN facility and English language learning software for self- study by students.

System Requirement (Hardware component):

Computer network with LAN facility (minimum 40 systems with multimedia) with the following specifications:

- i) Computers with Suitable Configuration
- ii) High Fidelity Headphones

2. Interactive Communication Skills (ICS) Lab :

The Interactive Communication Skills Lab: A Spacious room with movable chairs and audio-visual aids with a Public Address System, a T. V. or LCD, a digital stereo –audio & video system and camcorder etc.

Source of Material (Master Copy):

- *Exercises in Spoken English. Part 1,2,3.* CIEFL and Oxford University Press

Note: Teachers are requested to make use of the master copy and get it tailor-made to suit the contents of the syllabus.

Suggested Software:

- Cambridge Advanced Learners' English Dictionary with CD.
- Grammar Made Easy by Darling Kindersley.
- Punctuation Made Easy by Darling Kindersley.
- Oxford Advanced Learner's Compass, 10th Edition.
- English in Mind (Series 1-4), Herbert Puchta and Jeff Stranks with Meredith Levy, Cambridge.
- English Pronunciation in Use (Elementary, Intermediate, Advanced) Cambridge University Press.
- English Vocabulary in Use (Elementary, Intermediate, Advanced) Cambridge University Press.
- TOEFL & GRE (KAPLAN, AARCO & BARRONS, USA, Cracking GRE by CLIFFS).
- Digital All
- Orell Digital Language Lab (Licensed Version)

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. (2022). *English Language Communication Skills – Lab Manual cum Workbook.* Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.
2. Shobha, KN&Rayen, J. Lourdes. (2019). *Communicative English – A workbook.* Cambridge University Press
3. Kumar, Sanjay & Lata, Pushp. (2019). *Communication Skills: A Workbook.* Oxford University Press
4. Board of Editors. (2016). *ELCS Lab Manual: A Workbook for CALL and ICS Lab Activities.* Orient Black Swan Pvt. Ltd.
5. Mishra, Veerendra et al. (2020). *English Language Skills: A Practical Approach.* Cambridge University Press

ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT ANALYSIS LABORATORY**B.Tech. I Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

Prerequisites: Elements of Electrical Engineering & Electrical Circuit Analysis**Course Objectives:**

- To design electrical systems and analyze them by applying various Network Theorems
- To measure three phase Active and Reactive power.
- To understand the locus diagrams and concept of resonance.

Course Outcomes: After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Analyze complex DC and AC linear circuits
- Apply concepts of electrical circuits across engineering
- Evaluate response of a given network by using theorems.

Course Objectives	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
To design electrical systems and analyse them by applying various Network Theorems	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	3
To measure three phase Active and Reactive power	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	3
To understand the locus diagrams and concept of resonance.	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	3

Course Outcomes	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
Analyse complex DC and AC linear circuits.	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	3
Apply concepts of electrical circuits across engineering	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	3
Evaluate response of a given network by using theorems.	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	3

The following experiments are required to be conducted as compulsory

1. To draw the locus Diagrams of RL (R-Varying) and RC (R-Varying) Series Circuits.
2. Verification of Series and Parallel Resonance.
3. Determination of Time response of first order RL and RC circuit for periodic non – sinusoidal inputs – Time Constant and Steady state error.
4. Determination of Two port network parameters – Z & Y parameters.
5. Determination of Two port network parameters – A, B, C, D parameters.
6. Determination of Co-efficient of Coupling and Separation of Self and Mutual inductance in a Coupled Circuits.
7. Frequency domain analysis of Low-pass filter.
8. Frequency domain analysis of Band-pass filter.

In addition to the above eight experiments, at least any two of the experiments from the following list are required to be conducted

1. Harmonic Analysis of non-sinusoidal waveform signals using Harmonic Analyzer and plotting frequency spectrum.

2. Measurement of Active Power for Star and Delta connected balanced loads.
3. Measurement of Reactive Power for Star and Delta connected balanced loads.
4. Frequency domain analysis of High-pass filter.
5. Determination of Two port network parameters -Hybrid parameters.
6. To draw the locus Diagrams of RL (L-Varying) and RC (C-Varying) Series Circuits.
7. Determination of Time response of first order RLC circuit for periodic non – sinusoidal inputs – Time Constant and Steady state error.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Van Valkenburg M.E, "Network Analysis", Prentice Hall of India, 3rd Edition, 2000.
2. Ravish R Singh, "Network Analysis and Synthesis", McGrawHill, 2nd Edition, 2019.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. B. Subramanyam, "Electric Circuit Analysis", Dreamtech Press & Wiley, 2021.
2. James W.Nilsson, Susan A. Riedel, "Electric Circuits", Pearson, 11th Edition, 2020.
3. A Sudhakar, Shyammohan S Palli, "Circuits and Networks: Analysis and Synthesis", McGraw Hill, 5th Edition, 2017.
4. Jagan N.C, Lakshrninarayana C., "Network Analysis", B.S. Publications, 3rd Edition, 2014.
5. William Hayt H, Kimmerly Jack E. and Steven Durbin M, "Engineering Circuit Analysis", McGraw Hill, 6th Edition, 2002.
6. Chakravarthy A., "Circuit Theory", Dhanpat Rai & Co., First Edition, 1999.

ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE**B.Tech. I Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	0

Course Objectives:

- Understanding the importance of ecological balance for sustainable development.
- Understanding the impacts of developmental activities and mitigation measures.
- Understanding the environmental policies and regulations

Course Outcomes:

- Based on this course, the Engineering graduate will understand /evaluate / develop technologies on the basis of ecological principles and environmental regulations which in turn helps in sustainable development

UNIT - I

Ecosystems: Definition, Scope, and Importance of ecosystem. Classification, structure, and function of an ecosystem, Food chains, food webs, and ecological pyramids. Flow of energy, Biogeochemical cycles, Bioaccumulation, Biomagnification, ecosystem value, services and carrying capacity, Field visits.

UNIT - II

Natural Resources: Classification of Resources: Living and Non-Living resources, **water resources:** use and over utilization of surface and ground water, floods and droughts, Dams: benefits and problems. **Mineral resources:** use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, **Land resources:** Forest resources, **Energy resources:** growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy source, case studies.

UNIT - III

Biodiversity and Biotic Resources: Introduction, Definition, genetic, species and ecosystem diversity. Value of biodiversity; consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and optional values. India as a mega diversity nation, Hot spots of biodiversity. Field visit. Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts; conservation of biodiversity: In-Situ and Ex-situ conservation. National Biodiversity act.

UNIT - IV

Environmental Pollution and Control Technologies: Environmental Pollution: Classification of pollution, **Air Pollution:** Primary and secondary pollutants, Automobile and Industrial pollution, Ambient air quality standards. **Water pollution:** Sources and types of pollution, drinking water quality standards. **Soil Pollution:** Sources and types, Impacts of modern agriculture, degradation of soil. **Noise Pollution:** Sources and Health hazards, standards, **Solid waste:** Municipal Solid Waste management, composition and characteristics of e-Waste and its management. **Pollution control technologies:** Wastewater Treatment methods: Primary, secondary and Tertiary. Overview of air pollution control technologies, Concepts of bioremediation. **Global Environmental Issues and Global Efforts:** Climate change and impacts on human environment. Ozone depletion and Ozone depleting substances (ODS). Deforestation and desertification. International conventions / Protocols: Earth summit, Kyoto protocol, and Montréal Protocol. NAPCC-Gol Initiatives.

UNIT - V

Environmental Policy, Legislation & EIA: Environmental Protection act, Legal aspects Air Act- 1981, Water Act, Forest Act, Wild life Act, Municipal solid waste management and handling rules, biomedical waste management and handling rules, hazardous waste management and handling rules. EIA: EIA structure, methods of baseline data acquisition. Overview on Impacts of air, water, biological and Socio-economical aspects. Strategies for risk assessment, Concepts of Environmental Management Plan

(EMP). **Towards Sustainable Future:** Concept of Sustainable Development Goals, Population and its explosion, Crazy Consumerism, Environmental Education, Urban Sprawl, Human health, Environmental Ethics, Concept of Green Building, Ecological Foot Print, Life Cycle assessment (LCA), Low carbon life style.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1 Textbook of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses by ErachBharucha for University Grants Commission.
- 2 Environmental Studies by R. Rajagopalan, Oxford University Press.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Environmental Science: towards a sustainable future by Richard T. Wright. 2008 PHL Learning Private Ltd. New Delhi.
2. Environmental Engineering and science by Gilbert M. Masters and Wendell P. Ela. 2008 PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
3. Environmental Science by Daniel B. Botkin & Edward A. Keller, Wiley INDIA edition.
4. Environmental Studies by Anubha Kaushik, 4th Edition, New age international publishers.
5. Text book of Environmental Science and Technology - Dr. M. Anji Reddy 2007, BS Publications.
6. Introduction to Environmental Science by Y. Anjaneyulu, BS. Publications.

NUMERICAL METHODS AND COMPLEX VARIABLES**B.Tech. II Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	4

Pre-requisites: Mathematics courses of first year of study.**Course Objectives:** To learn

- Expressing periodic function by Fourier series and a non-periodic function by Fourier transforms
- Various numerical methods to find roots of polynomial and transcendental equations.
- Concept of finite differences and to estimate the value for the given data using interpolation.
- Evaluation of integrals using numerical techniques
- Solving ordinary differential equations of first order using numerical techniques.
- Differentiation and integration of complex valued functions.
- Evaluation of integrals using Cauchy's integral formula and Cauchy's residue theorem.
- Expansion of complex functions using Taylor's and Laurent's series.

Course outcomes: After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Express any periodic function in terms of sine and cosine
- Find the root of a given polynomial and transcendental equations.
- Estimate the value for the given data using interpolation
- Find the numerical solutions for a given first order ODE's
- Analyze the complex function with reference to their analyticity, integration using Cauchy's integral and residue theorems
- Taylor's and Laurent's series expansions in complex function

UNIT-I: Fourier Series & Fourier Transforms:**10 L**

Fourier series - Dirichlet's Conditions - Half-range Fourier series - Fourier Transforms: Fourier Sine and cosine transforms - Inverse Fourier transforms.

UNIT-II: Numerical Methods-I**10 L**

Solution of polynomial and transcendental equations: Bisection method, Iteration Method, Newton-Raphson method and Regula-Falsi method. Jacobi and Gauss-Seidal iteration methods for solving linear systems of equations.

Finite differences: forward differences, backward differences, central differences, symbolic relations and separation of symbols, Interpolation using Newton's forward and backward difference formulae. Central difference interpolation: Gauss's forward and backward formulae, Lagrange's method of interpolation.

UNIT-III: Numerical Methods-II**8 L**

Numerical integration: Trapezoidal rule and Simpson's $1/3^{\text{rd}}$ and $3/8^{\text{th}}$ rules.

Ordinary differential equations: Taylor's series, Picard's method, Euler and modified Euler's methods, Runge-Kutta method of fourth order for first order ODE

UNIT-IV: Complex Differentiation**10 L**

Limit, Continuity and Differentiation of Complex functions. Cauchy-Riemann equations (without proof), Milne-Thomson methods, analytic functions, harmonic functions, finding harmonic conjugate, elementary analytic functions (exponential, trigonometric, logarithm) and their properties. (All theorems without Proofs), Conformal mappings, Mobius transformations.

UNIT-V: Complex Integration:**10 L**

Line integrals, Cauchy's theorem, Cauchy's Integral formula, zeros of analytic functions, singularities, Taylor's series, Laurent's series, Residues, Cauchy Residue theorem.

and their properties. (All theorems without Proofs)

TEXT BOOKS:

1. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36th Edition, 2010.
2. S.S. Sastry, Introductory methods of numerical analysis, PHI, 4th Edition, 2005.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. M. K. Jain, S.R.K. Iyengar, R.K. Jain, Numerical methods for Scientific and Engineering Computations, New Age International publishers.
2. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.
3. J. W. Brown and R. V. Churchill, Complex Variables and Applications, 7th Edition, Mc-Graw Hill, 2004.

ELECTRICAL MACHINES - I**B.Tech. II Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	4

Prerequisites: Electrical Circuit Analysis-1 & Electrical Circuit Analysis-2**Course Objectives:**

- To study and understand different types of DC machines and their performance evaluation through various testing methods.
- To understand the operation of single and poly-phase Transformers
- To analyze the performance of transformers through various testing methods.

Course Outcomes: After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Identify different parts of a DC machines & understand their operation.
- Carry out different excitation, starting, speed control methods and testing of DC machines.
- Analyze single & three phase transformers and their performance through testing.

Course Objectives	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
To study and understand different types of DC machines and their performance evaluation through various testing methods.	3	2	3	1	1	1	3	1	2	1	2	3
To understand the operation of single and poly-phase Transformers	3	3	3	2	2	1	3	1	2	2	2	3
To analyse the performance of transformers through various testing methods	3	2	3	2	2	2	3	1	2	1	3	3

Course Outcomes	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
Identify different parts of a DC machines & understand their operation	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
Carry out different excitation, starting, speed control methods and testing of DC machines	2	1	3	1	2	3	3	1	3	2	2	3
Analyse single & three phase transformers and their performance through testing	1	1	2	1	1	3	3	1	3	3	3	3

UNIT-I:

D.C. GENERATORS: Principle of operation – Action of commutator – constructional features – armature windings – lap and wave windings – simplex and multiplex windings – use of laminated armature – E. M.F Equation.

Armature reaction – Cross magnetizing and de-magnetizing AT/pole – compensating winding – commutation – reactance voltage – methods of improving commutation.

Methods of Excitation – separately excited and self-excited generators – build-up of E.M.F - critical field resistance and critical speed - causes for failure to self-excited and remedial measures. Load characteristics and applications of shunt, series and compound generators.

UNIT-II:

D.C MOTORS: Principle of operation – Back E.M.F. - Torque equation – characteristics and application of shunt, series and compound motors – Armature reaction and commutation.

Speed control of D.C. Motors - Armature voltage and field flux control methods.

Motor starters (3-point and 4-point starters) Testing of D.C. machines - Losses – Constant & Variable losses – calculation of efficiency – condition for maximum efficiency.

UNIT-III:

TESTING OF DC MACHINES: Methods of Testing – direct, indirect, and regenerative testing – Brake test – Swinburne's test – Hopkinson's test – Field's test - separation of stray losses in a D.C. motor test.

UNIT-IV:

SINGLE PHASE TRANSFORMERS: Types - constructional details-minimization of hysteresis and eddy current losses- EMF equation - operation on no load and on load - phasor diagrams and Applications.

Equivalent circuit - losses and efficiency – regulation - All day efficiency - effect of variations of frequency & supply voltage on iron losses.

UNIT-V:

TESTING OF TRANSFORMERS AND POLY-PHASE TRANSFORMERS: Open Circuit and Short Circuit tests - Sumpner's test - predetermination of efficiency and regulation-separation of losses test-parallel operation with equal and unequal voltage ratios - auto transformers-equivalent circuit - comparison with two winding transformers.

Poly-phase transformers – Poly-phase connections - Y/Y, Y/ Δ , Δ /Y, Δ / Δ and open Δ , Scott connection and Applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. P. S. Bimbhra, "Electrical Machinery", Khanna Publishers, 2011.
2. I.J. Nagrath and D. P. Kothari, "Electric Machines", McGraw Hill Education, 2010.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Prithwiraj Purkait, Indrayudh Bandyopadhyay, "Electrical Machines", Oxford, 2017.
2. M. G. Say, "Performance and design of AC machines", CBS Publishers, 2002.
3. A. E. Fitzgerald and C. Kingsley, "Electric Machinery", New York, McGraw Hill Education, 2013.
4. A. E. Clayton and N. N. Hancock, "Performance and design of DC machines", CBS Publishers, 2004.

POWER SYSTEM - I**B.Tech. II Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Prerequisites: Electrical Circuit Analysis-1 & Electrical Circuit Analysis-2
Electrical Machines-I & Electrical Machines-II

Course Objectives:

- To understand the power generation through conventional and non-conventional sources.
- To illustrate the economic aspects of power generation and tariff methods.
- To know about overhead line insulators, substations and AC & DC distribution systems.

Course Outcomes: After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Understand the operation of conventional and renewable electrical power generating stations.
- Evaluate the power tariff methods and Economics associated with power generation.
- Analyze the operations of AIS & GIS, Insulators and Distribution systems.

Course Objectives	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
To understand the power generation through conventional and non-conventional sources	3	3	3	1	1	3	2	3	1	1	2	2
To illustrate the economic aspects of power generation and tariff methods	3	3	2	1	1	3	2	2	1	1	2	1
To know about overhead line insulators, substations and AC & DC distribution systems	3	3	2	1	1	3	2	3	1	1	1	1

Course Outcomes	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
Understand the operation of conventional and renewable electrical power generating stations	3	3	2	1	1	3	2	2	2	1	2	1
Evaluate the power tariff methods and Economics associated with power generation	3	3	2	1	1	3	2	3	2	1	2	1
Analyse the operations of AIS & GIS, Insulators and Distribution systems	3	3	3	3	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	1

UNIT-I:**GENERATION OF ELECTRIC POWER:**

Conventional Sources (Qualitative): Hydro station, Steam Power Plant, Nuclear Power Plant and Gas Turbine Plant.

Non-Conventional Sources (Elementary Treatment):

Solar Energy, Wind Energy, Fuel Cells, Ocean Energy, Tidal Energy, Wave Energy, Cogeneration, Energy conservation and storage.

UNIT-II:

ECONOMICS OF POWER GENERATION: Introduction, definitions of connected load, maximum demand, demand factor, load factor, diversity factor, Load duration curve, number and size of generator units. Base load and peak load plants.

Cost of electrical energy-fixed cost, running cost, Tariff on charge to customer.

UNIT-III:

OVER HEAD TRANSMISSION LINES: Line conductors, inductance and capacitance of single phase and three phase lines with symmetrical and unsymmetrical spacing, Composite conductors-transposition, bundled conductors, and effect of earth on capacitance, skin and proximity effects.

OVERHEAD LINE INSULATORS: Introduction, types of insulators, Potential distribution over a string of suspension insulators, Methods of equalizing the potential, testing of insulators, Sag and tension calculations.

UNIT-IV:**SUBSTATIONS:**

AIR INSULATED SUBSTATIONS (AIS): Indoor & Outdoor substations: Substations layout showing the location of all the substation equipment. Bus bar arrangements in the Sub-Stations: Simple arrangements like single bus bar, sectionalized single bus bar, main and transfer bus bar system with relevant diagrams.

GAS INSULATED SUBSTATIONS (GIS): Advantages of Gas insulated substations, different types of gas insulated substations, single line diagram of gas insulated substations, bus bar, construction aspects of GIS, Installation and maintenance of GIS, Comparison of Air insulated substations and Gas insulated substations.

UNIT-V:

DC DISTRIBUTION: Classification of Distribution Systems. - Comparison of DC vs. AC and Under-Ground vs. Over- Head Distribution Systems. - Requirements and Design features of Distribution Systems. -Voltage Drop Calculations (Numerical Problems) in D.C Distributors for the following cases: Radial D.C Distributor fed one end and at the both the ends (equal/unequal Voltages) and Ring Main Distributor.

A.C. DISTRIBUTION: Introduction, AC distribution, Single phase, 3-phase, 3 phase 4 wire system, bus bar arrangement, Selection of site for substation. Voltage Drop Calculations (Numerical Problems) in A.C. Distributors for the following cases: Power Factors referred to receiving end voltage and with respect to respective load voltages.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. C.L. Wadhwa, "Generation, Distribution and Utilization of Electrical Energy", 2nd Edition, New Age International, 2009.
2. V.K Mehta and Rohit Mehta, "Principles of Power Systems", S. Chand & Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2004.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. A. Chakrabarti, M.L. Soni, P.V. Gupta, U.S. Bhatnagar, "A Text book on Power System Engineering", Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (P) Ltd, 2008.
2. C.L. Wadhwa, "Electrical Power Systems", 5th Edition, New Age International, 2009.
3. M.V. Deshpande, "Elements of Electrical Power Station Design", 3rd Edition, Wheeler Pub. 1998.
4. H.Cotton & H. Barber, "The Transmission and Distribution of Electrical Energy", 3rd Edition, 1970.
5. W.D.Stevenson, "Elements of Power System Analysis", 4th Edition, McGraw Hill, 1984.

ANALOG ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS**B.Tech. II Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

- To introduce components such as diodes, BJTs and FETs their switching characteristics, applications
- Learn the concepts of high frequency analysis of transistors.
- To give understanding of various types of basic and feedback amplifier circuits such as small signal, cascaded, large signal and tuned amplifiers.
- To introduce the basic building blocks of linear integrated circuits.
- To introduce the concepts of waveform generation and introduce some special function ICs.

Course Outcomes: At the end of this course, students will be able to

- Know the characteristics, utilization of various components.
- Understand the biasing techniques
- Design and analyze various rectifiers, small signal amplifier circuits.
- Design sinusoidal and non-sinusoidal oscillators.
- Designs OP-AMP based circuits with linear integrated circuits.

UNIT-I:

Diode and Bipolar Transistor Circuits: P-N junction diode, I-V characteristics of a diode; review of half-wave and full-wave rectifiers, clamping and clipping circuits. Input output characteristics of BJT in CB, CE, CC configurations, biasing circuits, Load line analysis, common-emitter, common-base and common collector amplifiers; Small signal equivalent circuits,

UNIT-II:

FET Circuits: FET Structure and VI Characteristics, MOSFET structure and I-V characteristics. MOSFET as a switch. small signal equivalent circuits - gain, input and output impedances, small-signal model and common-source, common-gate and common-drain amplifiers, trans conductance, high frequency equivalent circuit.

UNIT-III:

Multi-Stage and Power Amplifiers: Direct coupled and RC Coupled multi-stage amplifiers; Differential Amplifiers, Power amplifiers - Class A, Class B, Class C

UNIT-IV:

Feedback Amplifiers: Concepts of feedback – Classification of feedback amplifiers – General characteristics of Negative feedback amplifiers – Effect of Feedback on Amplifier characteristics – Voltage series, Voltage shunt, Current series and Current shunt Feedback configurations – Simple problems.

Oscillators: Condition for Oscillations, RC type Oscillators-RC phase shift and Wien-bridge Oscillators, LC type Oscillators –Generalized analysis of LC Oscillators, Hartley and Colpitts Oscillators.

UNIT-V:

Operational Amplifiers: Ideal op-amp, Output offset voltage, input bias current, input offset current, slew rate, gain bandwidth product, Inverting and non-inverting amplifier, Differentiator, integrator, Square-wave and triangular-wave generators.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Integrated Electronics, Jacob Millman, Christos C Halkias, McGraw Hill Education, 2nd edition 2010
2. Op-Amps & Linear ICs – Ramakanth A. Gayakwad, PHI, 2003.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Electronic Devices Conventional and current version -Thomas L. Floyd 2015, pearson.
2. J. Millman and A. Grabel, "Microelectronics", McGraw Hill Education, 1988.
3. P. Horowitz and W. Hill, "The Art of Electronics", Cambridge University Press, 1989.
4. P. R. Gray, R. G. Meyer and S. Lewis, "Analysis and Design of Analog Integrated Circuits", John Wiley & Sons, 2001.

ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS**B.Tech. II Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Prerequisites: Mathematics & Applied Physics**Course Objectives:**

- To introduce the concepts of electric field and magnetic field.
- To know Applications of electric and magnetic fields in the development of the theory for power transmission lines and electrical machines.
- To study about electromagnetic waves.

Course Outcomes: After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Understand the basic laws of electromagnetism and their applications.
- Analyze time varying electric and magnetic fields.
- Understand the propagation of EM waves.

Course Objectives	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
To introduce the concepts of electric field and magnetic field	3	1	1	1	3	3	3	1	1	1	0	3
To know Applications of electric and magnetic fields in the development of the theory for power transmission lines and electrical machines.	3	3	2	2	2	3	0	1	1	1	0	2
To study about electromagnetic waves	3	3	1	2	2	2	0	1	1	1	1	2

Course Outcomes	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
Understand the basic laws of electromagnetism and their applications	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	2
Analyze time varying electric and magnetic fields.	3	3	3	1	1	3	2	3	1	1	3	0
Understand the propagation of EM waves	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	1	3	3	1

UNIT-I:

STATIC ELECTRIC FIELD: Review of conversion of a vector from one coordinate system to another coordinate system, Coulomb's law, Electric field intensity, Electrical field due to point charges. Line, Surface and Volume charge distributions. Gauss law and its applications. Absolute Electric potential, potential difference, Calculation of potential differences for different configurations. Electric dipole, Electrostatic Energy and Energy density.

UNIT-II:

CONDUCTORS, DIELECTRICS AND CAPACITANCE: Current and current density, Ohms Law in Point form, Continuity equation, Boundary conditions of conductors and dielectric materials. Capacitance, Capacitance of a two-wire line, Poisson's equation, Laplace's equation, Solution of Laplace and Poisson's equation.

UNIT-III:

STATIC MAGNETIC FIELDS AND MAGNETIC FORCES: Biot-Savart Law, Ampere Law, Magnetic flux and magnetic flux density, Scalar and Vector Magnetic potentials. Steady magnetic fields produced by current carrying conductors.

Force on a moving charge, Force on a differential current element, Force between differential current elements, Magnetic boundary conditions, Magnetic circuits, Self-inductances and mutual inductances.

UNIT-IV:

TIME VARYING FIELDS AND MAXWELL'S EQUATIONS: Faraday's law for Electromagnetic induction, Displacement current, Point form of Maxwell's equation, Integral form of Maxwell's equations, Motional Electromotive forces.

UNIT-V:

ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES: Derivation of Wave Equation, Uniform Plane Waves, Maxwell's equation in Phasor form, Wave equation in Phasor form, Plane wave in free space and in a homogenous material. Wave equation for a conducting medium, Plane waves in lossy dielectrics, Propagation in good conductors. Poynting theorem.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. M. N. O. Sadiku, "Elements of Electromagnetics", Oxford University Publication, 2014.
2. W. Hayt, "Engineering Electromagnetics", McGraw Hill Education, 2012.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. A. Pramanik, "Electromagnetism-Problems with solution", Prentice Hall India, 2012.
2. G. W. Carter, "The electromagnetic field in its engineering aspects", Longmans, 1954.
3. W. J. Duffin, "Electricity and Magnetism", McGraw Hill Publication, 1980.
4. W. J. Duffin, "Advanced Electricity and Magnetism", McGraw Hill, 1968.
5. E. G. Cullwick, "The Fundamentals of Electromagnetism", Cambridge University Press, 1966.
6. B. D. Popovic, "Introductory Engineering Electromagnetics", Addison-Wesley Educational Publishers, International Edition, 1971.
7. A. Pramanik, "Electromagnetism - Theory and applications", PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2009.

ELECTRICAL MACHINES LABORATORY – I**B.Tech. II Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

Prerequisites: Electrical Machines- I**Course Objectives:**

- To expose the students to the operation of DC Generators.
- To know the operation of various types of DC Motors.
- To examine the performance of Single and Three Phase Transformers.

Course Outcomes: After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Start and control the Different DC Machines.
- Assess the performance of different machines using different testing methods
- Evaluate the performance of different Transformers using different testing methods

Course Objectives	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
To expose the students to the operation of DC Generators	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	2	2	1	3
To know the operation of various types of DC Motors.	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	3
To examine the performance of Single and Three Phase Transformers	3	2	3	1	3	3	1	1	2	2	2	3

Course Outcomes	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
Start and control the Different DC Machines	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	2
Assess the performance of different machines using different testing methods	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3
Evaluate the performance of different Transformers using different testing methods	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	1	3	3	2

The following experiments are required to be conducted compulsory experiments:

1. Magnetization characteristics of DC shunt generator (Determination of critical field resistance and critical speed)
2. Load test on DC shunt generator (Determination of characteristics)
3. Load test on DC series generator (Determination of characteristics)
4. Hopkinson's test on DC shunt machines (Predetermination of efficiency)
5. Swinburne's test and speed control of DC shunt motor (Predetermination of efficiencies)
6. Brake test on DC compound motor (Determination of performance curves)
7. OC and SC Test on Single Phase Transformer
8. Three Phase Transformer: Verification of Relationship between Voltages and Currents (Star-Delta, Delta-Delta, Delta-star, Star-Star)

In addition to the above eight experiments, at least any two of the experiments from the following list are required to be conducted:

1. Brake test on DC shunt motor (Determination of performance curves)
2. Load test on DC compound generator (Determination of characteristics.
3. Fields test on DC series machines (Determination of efficiency)
4. Retardation test on DC shunt motor (Determination of losses at rated speed)
5. Separation of losses in DC shunt motor.
6. Measurement of Voltage, Current and Real Power in primary and Secondary Circuits of a Single-Phase Transformer
7. Load Test on Single Phase Transformer (Calculate Efficiency and Regulation)

TEXT BOOKS:

1. P. S. Bimbhra, "Electrical Machinery", Khanna Publishers, 2011.
2. I.J. Nagrath and D. P. Kothari, "Electric Machines", McGraw Hill Education, 2010.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Prithwiraj Purkait, Indrayudh Bandyopadhyay, "Electrical Machines", Oxford, 2017.
2. M. G. Say, "Performance and design of AC machines", CBS Publishers, 2002.
3. A. E. Fitzgerald and C. Kingsley, "Electric Machinery", New York, McGraw Hill Education, 2013.
4. A. E. Clayton and N. N. Hancock, "Performance and design of DC machines", CBS Publishers, 2004.

ANALOG ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS LABORATORY**B.Tech. II Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

Prerequisites: Analog Electronic Circuits**Course Objectives:**

- To introduce components such as diodes, BJTs and FETs their switching characteristics, applications
- Learn the concepts of high frequency analysis of transistors.
- To give understanding of various types of basic and feedback amplifier circuits such as smallsignal, cascaded, large signal and tuned amplifiers.
- To introduce the basic building blocks of linear integrated circuits.
- To introduce the concepts of waveform generation and introduce some special function ICs.

Course Outcomes: At the end of this course, students will demonstrate the ability to

- Know the characteristics, utilization of various components.
- Understand the biasing techniques
- Design and analyze various rectifiers, small signal amplifier circuits.
- Design sinusoidal and non-sinusoidal oscillators.
- Design OP-AMP based circuits with linearintegrated circuits.

List of Experiments:

1. Draw the VI Characteristics of given PN Junction diode. Determine the Static and Dynamic resistance of theDiode.
 2. Determine the Ripple factor, %Regulation PIV and TUF of the given Rectifier with & without filter.
 3. Obtain the I/O Characteristics of CE configurations of BJT. Calculate h-parameters from the Characteristics.
 4. Obtain the I/O Characteristics of CB configurations of BJT. Calculate h-parameters from the Characteristics.
 5. Obtain the I/O Characteristics of CC configurations of BJT. Calculate h-parameters from the Characteristics.
 6. Obtain the Drain and Transfer characteristics of CD,CS configuration of JFET. Calculate gm, rd fromthe Characteristics Adder and Subtractor using Op Amp.
 7. Inverting and Non-inverting Amplifiers using Op Amps
 8. Adder and Subtractor using Op Amp
 9. Integrator Circuit using IC 741.
 10. Differentiator circuit using Op Amp.
 11. Current Shunt Feedback amplifier
 12. Design an RC phase shift oscillator circuit and derive the gain condition for oscillations practically for givenfrequency.
 13. Design a Colpitts oscillator circuit for the given frequency and draw the output waveform.
 14. Design transformer coupled class A power amplifier and draw the input and output waveforms, find itsefficiency
- Experiments related to MOSFET may be included

ELECTRICAL SIMULATION TOOLS LABORATORY**B.Tech. II Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

Course Objectives:

- To understand basic block sets of different simulation platform used in electrical/electronic circuit design.
- To understand use and coding in different software tools used in electrical/ electronic circuit design.
- To understand the simulation of electric machines/circuits for performance analysis.

Course Outcomes: After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Develop knowledge of software packages to model and program electrical and electronics systems.
- Model different electrical and electronic systems and analyze the results.
- Articulate importance of software packages used for simulation in laboratory experimentation by analyzing the simulation results.

Course Objectives	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
To understand basic block sets of different simulation platform used in electrical/electronic circuit design	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	2	2	1
To understand use and coding in different software tools used in electrical/ electronic circuit design	3	3	3	1	1	3	1	2	1	2	2	1
To understand the simulation of electric machines/circuits for performance analysis	3	3	2	1	2	3	2	1	2	1	2	3

Course Outcomes	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
Develop knowledge of software packages to model and program electrical and electronics systems	3	3	1	3	2	3	2	3	1	2	2	3
Model different electrical and electronic systems and analyse the results	3	2	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	2	2	3
Articulate importance of software packages used for simulation in laboratory experimentation by analysing the simulation results	3	2	0	0	2	0	1	0	2	0	2	3

Students should be encouraged to use open-source software's such as **SCILAB, ORCAD, LTSPICE, Ngspice, Octave, Solve Elec, Simulide, CircuitLab, QElectroTech, Circuit Sims, DcAcLab, Every Circuit, DoCircuit**etc. for carrying out the lab simulation listed below.

Use of Professional Licensed versions of softwares like **MATLAB, LabVIEW, NI Multisim, PSpice, PowerSim, TINA** etc. is also allowed.

Use of '**Python**' platform for simulating components/ circuit behaviour.

Suggested List of Laboratory Experiments:

The following experiments need to be performed from various subject domains.

1. Introduction to basic block sets of simulation platforms. Basic matrix operations, Generation of standard test signals
2. Solving the linear and nonlinear differential equations
3. Measurement of Voltage, Current and Power in DC circuits.
4. Verification of different network theorems with dependent and independent sources using suitable simulation tools.
5. Verification of performance characteristics of basic Electronic Devices using suitable simulation tools.
6. Analysis of series and parallel resonance circuits using suitable simulation tools
7. Obtaining the response of electrical network for standard test signals using suitable simulation tools.
8. Modeling and Analysis of Low pass and High pass Filters using suitable simulation tools
9. Performance analysis of DC motor using suitable simulation tools
10. Modeling and analysis of Equivalent circuit of transformer using suitable simulation tools.
11. Analysis of single-phase bridge rectifier with and without filter using suitable Simulation tools.
12. Modeling and Verification of Voltage Regulator using suitable simulation tools.
13. Modeling of transmission line using simulation tools.
14. Performance analysis of Solar PV model using suitable simulation tools

GENDER SENSITIZATION LAB

(An Activity-based Course)

B.Tech. II Year I Sem.

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	0

COURSE DESCRIPTION

This course offers an introduction to Gender Studies, an interdisciplinary field that asks critical questions about the meanings of sex and gender in society. The primary goal of this course is to familiarize students with key issues, questions and debates in Gender Studies, both historical and contemporary. It draws on multiple disciplines – such as literature, history, economics, psychology, sociology, philosophy, political science, anthropology and media studies – to examine cultural assumptions about sex, gender, and sexuality.

This course integrates analysis of current events through student presentations, aiming to increase awareness of contemporary and historical experiences of women, and of the multiple ways that sex and gender interact with race, class, caste, nationality and other social identities. This course also seeks to build an understanding and initiate and strengthen programmes combating gender-based violence and discrimination. The course also features several exercises and reflective activities designed to examine the concepts of gender, gender-based violence, sexuality, and rights. It will further explore the impact of gender-based violence on education, health and development.

Objectives of the Course

- To develop students' sensibility with regard to issues of gender in contemporary India.
- To provide a critical perspective on the socialization of men and women.
- To introduce students to information about some key biological aspects of genders.
- To expose the students to debates on the politics and economics of work.
- To help students reflect critically on gender violence.
- To expose students to more egalitarian interactions between men and women.

Learning Outcomes

- Students will have developed a better understanding of important issues related to gender in contemporary India.
- Students will be sensitized to basic dimensions of the biological, sociological, psychological and legal aspects of gender. This will be achieved through discussion of materials derived from research, facts, everyday life, literature and film.
- Students will attain a finer grasp of how gender discrimination works in our society and how to counter it.
- Students will acquire insight into the gendered division of labor and its relation to politics and economics.
- Men and women students and professionals will be better equipped to work and live together as equals.
- Students will develop a sense of appreciation of women in all walks of life.
- Through providing accounts of studies and movements as well as the new laws that provide protection and relief to women, the textbook will empower students to understand and respond to gender violence.

Unit-I: UNDERSTANDING GENDER

Introduction: Definition of Gender-Basic Gender Concepts and Terminology-Exploring Attitudes towards Gender-Construction of Gender-Socialization: Making Women, Making Men
 - Preparing for Womanhood. Growing up Male. First lessons in Caste.

Unit – II: GENDER ROLES AND RELATIONS

Two or Many? -Struggles with Discrimination-Gender Roles and Relations-Types of Gender Roles-Gender Roles and Relationships Matrix-Missing Women-Sex Selection and Its Consequences-Declining Sex Ratio. Demographic Consequences-Gender Spectrum: Beyond the Binary

Unit – III: GENDER AND LABOUR

Division and Valuation of Labour-Housework: The Invisible Labor- “My Mother doesn’t Work.” “Share the Load.”-Work: Its Politics and Economics -Fact and Fiction. Unrecognized and Unaccounted work. -Gender Development Issues-Gender, Governance and Sustainable Development-Gender and Human Rights-Gender and Mainstreaming

Unit – IV: GENDER - BASED VIOLENCE

The Concept of Violence- Types of Gender-based Violence-Gender-based Violence from a Human Rights Perspective-Sexual Harassment: Say No!-Sexual Harassment, not Eve-teasing- Coping with Everyday Harassment- Further Reading: “*Chupulu*”. Domestic Violence: Speaking Out Is Home a Safe Place? -When Women Unite [Film]. Rebuilding Lives. Thinking about Sexual Violence Blaming the Victim-“I Fought for my Life....”

Unit – V: GENDER AND CULTURE

Gender and Film-Gender and Electronic Media-Gender and Advertisement-Gender and Popular Literature- Gender Development Issues-Gender Issues-Gender Sensitive Language-Gender and Popular Literature - Just Relationships: Being Together as Equals Mary Kom and Onler. Love and Acid just do not Mix. Love Letters. Mothers and Fathers. Rosa Parks-The Brave Heart.

Note: Since it is Interdisciplinary Course, Resource Persons can be drawn from the fields of English Literature or Sociology or Political Science or any other qualified faculty who has expertise in this field from engineering departments.

- ***Classes will consist of a combination of activities: dialogue-based lectures, discussions, collaborative learning activities, group work and in-class assignments. Apart from the above prescribed book, Teachers can make use of any authentic materials related to the topics given in the syllabus on “Gender”.***

- ☞ **ESSENTIAL READING:** The Textbook, “*Towards a World of Equals: A Bilingual Textbook on Gender*” written by A.Suneetha, Uma Bhugubanda, Duggirala Vasanta, Rama Melkote, Vasudha Nagaraj, Asma Rasheed, Gogu Shyamala, Deepa Sreenivas and Susie Tharu published by Telugu Akademi, Telangana Government in 2015.

ASSESSMENT AND GRADING:

- Discussion & Classroom Participation: 20%
- Project/Assignment: 30%
- End Term Exam: 50%

SOLID MECHANICS AND HYDRAULIC MACHINES**B.Tech. II Year II Sem.****L T P C****3 1 0 4****Course Objectives:**

- To identify an appropriate structural system and work comfortably with basic engineering mechanics and types of loading & support conditions that act on structural systems.
- To Understand the meaning of centers of gravity, centroids, moments of Inertia and rigid body dynamics.
- To Study the characteristics of hydroelectric power plant and Design of hydraulic machinery.

Course Outcomes: After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Solve problems dealing with forces, beam and cable problems and understand distributed force systems.
- Solve friction problems and determine moments of Inertia and centroid of practical shapes.
- Apply knowledge of mechanics in addressing problems in hydraulic machinery and its principles that will be utilized in Hydropower development and for other practical usages.

Course Objectives	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
To identify an appropriate structural system and work comfortably with basic engineering mechanics and types of loading & support conditions that act on structural systems.	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	2	2	1	3
To Understand the meaning of centers of gravity, centroids, moments of Inertia and rigid body dynamics.	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	3
To Study the characteristics of hydroelectric power plant and Design of hydraulic machinery.	3	2	3	1	3	3	1	1	2	2	2	3

Course Outcomes	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
Solve problems dealing with forces, beam and cable problems and understand distributed force systems.	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	2
Solve friction problems and determine moments of Inertia and centroid of practical shapes.	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3
Apply knowledge of mechanics in addressing problems in hydraulic machinery and its principles that will be utilized in Hydropower development and for other practical usages.	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	1	3	3	2

UNIT-I:

INTRODUCTION OF ENGINEERING MECHANICS: Basic concepts of System of Forces-Coplanar Forces-Components in Space-Resultant- Moment of Forces and its Application – Couples and Resultant of Force System-Equilibrium of System of Forces-Free body diagrams-Direction of Force Equations of Equilibrium of Coplanar Systems and Spatial Systems – Vector cross product- Support reactions different beams for different types of loading – concentrated, uniformly distributed and uniformly varying loading. Types of friction – Limiting friction – Laws of Friction – static and Dynamic Frictions – Angle of Friction –Cone of limiting friction

UNIT-II:

CENTROID AND CENTER OF GRAVITY: Centroids – Theorem of Pappus- Centroids of Composite figures – Centre of Gravity of Bodies – Area moment of Inertia:–polar Moment of Inertia–Transfer–Theorems - Moments of Inertia of Composite Figures.

SIMPLE STRESSES AND STRAINS ANALYSIS: Concept of stress and strain- St. Venant's Principle- Stress and Strain Diagram - Elasticity and plasticity – Types of stresses and strains- Hooke's law – stress – strain diagram for mild steel – Working stress – Factor of safety – Lateral strain, Poisson's ratio and volumetric strain – Pure shear and Complementary shear - Elastic moduli, Elastic constants and the relationship between them

UNIT-III:

KINEMATICS & KINETICS: Introduction – Rectilinear motion – Motion with uniform and variable acceleration–Curvilinear motion– Components of motion– Circular motion Kinetics of a particle – D'Alembert's principle – Motion in a curved path – work, energy and power. Principle of conservation of energy – Kinetics of a rigid body in translation, rotation – work done – Principle of work-energy – Impulse-momentum.

UNIT-IV:

BASICS OF HYDRAULIC MACHINERY: Hydrodynamic force of jets on stationary and moving flat, inclined and curved vanes, Jet striking centrally and at tip, Velocity triangles at inlet and outlet, expressions for work done and efficiency Elements of a typical Hydropower installation – Heads and efficiencies

UNIT-V:

TURBINES & PUMPS: Classification of turbines – Pelton wheel – Francis turbine – Kaplan turbine – working, working proportions, velocity diagram, work done and efficiency, hydraulic design. Draft tube – Classification, functions and efficiency. Governing of turbines, Performance of turbines Pump installation details – classification – work done – Manometric head – minimum starting speed – losses and efficiencies – specific speed. Multistage pumps – pumps in parallel

TEXT BOOKS:

1. M.V. Seshagiri Rao and Durgai, "Engineering Mechanics", University Press.
2. P.N Modi and Seth, "Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machinery", standard Book House

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. B. Bhattacharya, "Engineering Mechanics", Oxford University Publications.
2. Hibbler, "Engineering Mechanics (Statics and Dynamics)", Pearson Education.
3. Ferdinand L. Singer, "Engineering Mechanics" Harper Collins Publishers.
4. A.K.Tayal, "Engineering Mechanics", Umesh Publication.
5. Domkundwar & Domkundwar, "Fluid mechanics & Hydraulic Machines", Dhanpat Rai & C
6. R.C.Hibbeler, "Fluid Mechanics", Pearson India Education Services Pvt. Ltd
7. D.S.Kumar, "Fluid Mechanic & Fluid Power Engineering", Kataria & Sons Publications Pvt. Ltd.
8. Banga & Sharma, "Hydraulic Machines" Khanna Publishers.

MEASUREMENTS AND INSTRUMENTATION**B.Tech. II Year II Sem.****L T P C**
3 0 0 3**Prerequisites:** Electrical Circuit Analysis-1 & Electrical Circuit Analysis-2, Analog Electronics
Electro Magnetic Fields.**Course Objectives:**

- To introduce the basic principles of all measuring instruments.
- To deal with the measurement of voltage, current, Power factor, power, energy and magnetic measurements.
- To understand the basic concepts of smart and digital metering.

Course Outcomes: After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Understand different types of measuring instruments, their construction, operation and characteristics and identify the instruments suitable for typical measurements.
- Apply the knowledge about transducers and instrument transformers to use them effectively.
- Apply the knowledge of smart and digital metering for industrial applications.

Course Objectives	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
To introduce the basic principles of all measuring instruments	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	2	2	1	3
To deal with the measurement of voltage, current, Power factor, power, energy and magnetic measurements.	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	3
To understand the basic concepts of smart and digital metering	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	3

Course Outcomes	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
Understand different types of measuring instruments, their construction, operation and characteristics and identify the instruments suitable for typical measurements	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	3
Apply the knowledge about transducers and instrument transformers to use them effectively	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	3
Apply the knowledge of smart and digital metering for industrial applications	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	3

UNIT - I:

INTRODUCTION TO MEASURING INSTRUMENTS: Classification – deflecting, control and damping torques – Ammeters and Voltmeters – PMMC, moving iron type instruments – expression for the deflecting torque and control torque – Errors and compensations, extension of range using shunts and series resistance. Electrostatic Voltmeters-electrometer type and attracted disc type – extension of range of E.S. Voltmeters.

UNIT-II:

POTENTIOMETERS & INSTRUMENT TRANSFORMERS: Principle and operation of D.C. Crompton's potentiometer – standardization – Measurement of unknown resistance, current, voltage. A.C. Potentiometers: polar and coordinate type's standardization – applications. CT and PT – Ratio and phase angle errors

UNIT-III:

MEASUREMENT OF POWER & ENERGY: Single phase dynamometer wattmeter, LPF and UPF, Double element and three element dynamometer wattmeter, expression for deflecting and control torques – Extension of range of wattmeter using instrument transformers – Measurement of active and reactive powers in balanced and unbalanced systems.

Single phase induction type energy meter – driving and braking torques – errors and compensations – testing by phantom loading using R.S.S. meter. Three phase energy meter – tri-vector meter, maximum demand meters.

UNIT-IV:

DC & AC BRIDGES: Method of measuring low, medium and high resistance – sensitivity of Wheatstone's bridge – Carey Foster's bridge, Kelvin's double bridge for measuring low resistance, measurement of high resistance – loss of charge method.

Measurement of inductance- Maxwell's bridge, Hay's bridge, Anderson's bridge - Owen's bridge. Measurement of capacitance and loss angle –Desauty's Bridge - Wien's bridge – Schering Bridge.

UNIT-V:

TRANSDUCERS: Definition of transducers, Classification of transducers, Advantages of Electrical transducers, Characteristics and choice of transducers; Principle operation of LVDT and capacitor transducers; LVDT Applications, Strain gauge and its principle of operation, gauge factor, Thermistors, Thermocouples, Piezo electric transducers, photovoltaic, photo conductive cells, and photo diodes.

INTRODUCTION TO SMART AND DIGITAL METERING: Digital Multi-meter, True RMS meters, Clamp- on meters, Digital Energy Meter, Cathode Ray Oscilloscope, Digital Storage Oscilloscope.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. A. K. Sawhney, "Electrical & Electronic Measurement & Instruments", Dhanpat Rai & Co. Publications, 2005.
2. Dr. Rajendra Prasad, "Electrical Measurements & Measuring Instruments", Khanna Publishers 1989.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. G. K. Banerjee, "Electrical and Electronic Measurements", PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2nd Edition, 2016.
2. R. K. Rajput, "Electrical & Electronic Measurement & Instrumentation", S. Chand and Company Ltd., 2007.
3. S. C. Bhargava, "Electrical Measuring Instruments and Measurements", BS Publications, 2012.
4. Buckingham and Price, "Electrical Measurements", Prentice – Hall, 1988.
5. Reissland, M. U, "Electrical Measurements: Fundamentals, Concepts, Applications", New Age International (P) Limited Publishers, 1st Edition 2010.
6. E.W. Golding and F. C. Widdis, "Electrical Measurements and measuring Instruments", fifth Edition, Wheeler Publishing, 2011.

ELECTRICAL MACHINES – II**B.Tech. II Year II Sem.****L T P C****3 0 0 3****Prerequisites:** Electrical Circuit Analysis-1 & Electrical Circuit Analysis-2 & Electrical Machines-I**Course Objectives:**

- To deal with the detailed analysis of poly-phase induction motors & Alternators.
- To understand operation, construction and types of single-phase motors and their applications in household appliances and control systems.
- To introduce the concept of parallel operation of alternators.

Course Outcomes: After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Understand the concepts of rotating magnetic fields.
- Examine the operation of ac machines.
- Analyze performance characteristics of ac machines.

Course Objectives	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
To deal with the detailed analysis of poly-phase induction motors & Alternators	2	1	2	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	2	3
To understand operation, construction and types of single-phase motors and their applications in household appliances and control systems	2	1	2	1	1	2	2	1	2	1	2	3
To introduce the concept of parallel operation of alternators	2	1	2	1	1	3	2	1	2	2	3	3

Course Outcomes	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
Understand the concepts of rotating magnetic fields	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3
Examine the operation of ac machines	2	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	3
Analyse performance characteristics of ac machines	2	1	2	1	3	3	3	1	1	1	3	3

UNIT-I:

POLY-PHASE INDUCTION MACHINES: Constructional details of cage and wound rotor machines-production of a rotating magnetic field - principle of operation - rotor EMF and rotor frequency - rotor reactance, rotor current and Power factor at standstill and during operation. Rotor power input, rotor copper loss and mechanical power developed and their inter relation.

UNIT-II:

CHARACTERISTICS OF INDUCTION MACHINES: Torque equation-expressions for maximum torque and starting torque - torque slip characteristic - equivalent circuit - phasor diagram - crawling and cogging, No-load Test and Blocked rotor test –Predetermination of performance-Methods of starting and starting current and Torque calculations, Applications.

SPEED CONTROL METHODS: Change of voltage, change of frequency, voltage/frequency, injection of an EMF into rotor circuit (qualitative treatment only)-induction generator-principle of operation.

UNIT-III:

SYNCHRONOUS MACHINES: Constructional Features of round rotor and salient pole machines – Armature windings – Integral slot and fractional slot windings; Distributed and concentrated windings – distribution, pitch and winding factors – E.M.F Equation. Harmonics in generated e.m.f. – suppression of harmonics – armature reaction - leakage reactance – synchronous reactance and impedance – experimental determination - phasor diagram – load characteristics.

Regulation by synchronous impedance method, M.M.F. method, Z.P.F. method and A.S.A. methods – salient pole alternators – two reaction analysis – experimental determination of X_d and X_q (Slip test) Phasor diagrams – Regulation of salient pole alternators.

UNIT-IV:

PARALLEL OPERATION OF SYNCHRONOUS MACHINES: Synchronizing alternators with infinite bus bars – synchronizing power torque – parallel operation and load sharing -Effect of change of excitation and mechanical power input. Analysis of short circuit current wave form – determination of sub-transient, transient and steady state reactance's and Applications.

SYNCHRONOUS MOTORS: Theory of operation – phasor diagram – Variation of current and power factor with excitation – synchronous condenser – Mathematical analysis for power developed. - Hunting and its suppression – Methods of starting – synchronous induction motor.

UNIT-V:

SINGLE PHASE MACHINES: Single phase induction motor – Constructional Features-Double revolving field theory – split-phase motors – AC series motor- Universal Motor- -Shadedpole motor and Applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. P. S. Bimbhra, "Electrical Machinery", Khanna Publishers, 2011.
2. I.J. Nagrath and D. P. Kothari, "Electric Machines", McGraw Hill Education, 2010.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Prithwiraj Purkait, Indrayudh Bandyopadhyay, "Electrical Machines", Oxford, 2017.
2. M. G. Say, "Performance and design of AC machines", CBS Publishers, 2002.
3. A. E. Fitzgerald and C. Kingsley, "Electric Machinery", New York, McGraw Hill Education, 2013.
4. A. E. Clayton and N. N. Hancock, "Performance and design of DC machines", CBS Publishers, 2004.

DIGITAL ELECTRONICS**B.Tech. II Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
2	0	0	2

Prerequisites: Analog Electronics**Course Objectives:**

- To learn fundamental concepts of digital system design and common forms of number representations and their conversions.
- To implement and design logical operations using combinational logic circuits and sequential logic circuits.
- To understand the semiconductor memories and programmable logic devices.

Course Outcomes: After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Understand the working of logic families and logic gates.
- Design and implement Combinational and Sequential logic circuits.
- Implement the given logical problems using programmable logic devices.

Course Objectives	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
To learn fundamental concepts of digital system design and common forms of number representations and their conversions	2	1	3	2	1	1	1	1	3	2	1	3
To implement and design logical operations using combinational logic circuits and sequential logic circuits	2	1	3	2	1	1	1	1	3	2	1	3
To understand the semiconductor memories and programmable logic devices	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	3	1

Course Outcomes	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
Understand the working of logic families and logic gates	2	2	3	3	1	2	3	3	1	1	1	1
Design and implement Combinational and Sequential logic circuits	2	2	1	2	3	1	2	2	2	1	1	1
Implement the given logical problems using programmable logic devices	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1

UNIT-I:

Fundamentals of Digital Systems and Logic Families: Digital signals, Digital circuits, AND, OR, NOT, NAND, NOR and Exclusive-OR operations, Boolean algebra, Examples of IC gates, Number systems-binary, Signed binary, Octal hexadecimal number, Binary arithmetic, One's and Two's complements arithmetic.

UNIT-II:

Combinational Circuits-I: Standard representation for logic functions, K-map representation and simplification of logic functions using K-map, Minimization of logical functions, Don't care conditions, Multiplexer, De-Multiplexer

UNIT-III:

Combinational Circuits-II: Adders, Subtractors, Carry look ahead adder, Digital comparator, Parity checker/generator, Code converters, Priority encoders, Decoders/Drivers for display devices, Q-M method of function realization.

UNIT-IV:

Sequential Circuits: Introduction to flip-flops, SR, JK, T and D type's flip-flops, Shift registers, Conversion of flip-flops, Ring counter, Ripple (Asynchronous) counters, Synchronous counters.

UNIT-V:

Semiconductor Memories and Programmable Logic Devices: Memory organization and operation, expanding memory size, classification and characteristics of memories, sequential memory, read-only memory (ROM), ROM types, Read and write memory (RAM) types, Programmable logic array, Programmable array logic, Field Programmable Gate Array (FPGA).

TEXT BOOKS:

1. A. Kumar, "Fundamentals of Digital Circuits", Prentice Hall India, 2016.
2. M. M. Mano, "Digital logic and Computer design", Pearson Education India, 2016.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. R.S. Sedha, "A Textbook of Digital Electronics", S.Chand, 2005
2. R. P. Jain, "Modern Digital Electronics", McGraw Hill Education, 2009.

POWER SYSTEMS - II**B.Tech. II Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Prerequisites: Power Systems –I & Electro Magnetic Fields**Course Objectives:**

- To study the performance of transmission lines and travelling waves.
- To understand the concept of voltage control, compensation methods and per unit representation of power systems.
- To know the methods of overvoltage protection, Insulation coordination, Symmetrical components and fault calculation analysis.

Course Outcomes: After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Analyze transmission line performance and Apply load compensation techniques to control reactive power.
- Understand the application of per unit quantities in power systems.
- Design over voltage protection, insulation coordination and determine the fault currents for symmetrical and unbalanced faults.

Course Objectives	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
To study the performance of transmission lines and travelling waves	3	3	3	1	1	3	2	3	1	1	2	2
To understand the concept of voltage control, compensation methods and per unit representation of power systems.	3	3	2	1	1	3	2	2	1	1	2	1
To know the methods of overvoltage protection, Insulation coordination, Symmetrical components and fault calculation analysis.	3	3	2	1	1	3	2	3	1	1	1	1

Course Outcomes	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
Analyse transmission line performance and Apply load compensation techniques to control reactive power.	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	3	2
Understand the application of per unit quantities in power systems	3	3	3	1	1	2	2	3	3	1	2	2
Design over voltage protection, insulation coordination and determine the fault currents for symmetrical and unbalanced faults	3	3	2	1	1	3	2	2	2	1	2	1

UNIT - I:

PERFORMANCE OF LINES: Representation of lines, short transmission lines, medium length lines, nominal T and PI- representations, long transmission lines. The equivalent circuit representation of a

long Line, A, B, C, D constants, Ferranti Effect.

Corona: Introduction, disruptive critical voltage, corona loss, Factors affecting corona loss and methods of reducing corona loss, Disadvantages of corona, interference between power and Communication lines.

UNIT-II:

VOLTAGE CONTROL & POWER FACTOR IMPROVEMENT: Introduction – methods of voltage control, shunt and series capacitors / Inductors, tap changing transformers, synchronous phase modifiers, power factor improvement methods.

COMPENSATION IN POWER SYSTEMS: Introduction - Concepts of Load compensation – Load ability characteristics of overhead lines – Uncompensated transmission line – Symmetrical line – Radial line with asynchronous load – Compensation of lines.

UNIT-III:

PER UNIT REPRESENTATION OF POWER SYSTEMS: The one-line diagram, impedance and reactance diagrams, per unit quantities, changing the base of per unit quantities, advantages of per unit system.

TRAVELLING WAVES ON TRANSMISSION LINES: Production of travelling waves, open circuited line, short-circuited line, line terminated through a resistance, line connected to a cable, reflection and refraction at T-junction line terminated through a capacitance, capacitor connection at a T-junction, Attenuation of travelling waves.

UNIT-IV:

OVERVOLTAGE PROTECTION AND INSULATION COORDINATION: Over voltage due to arcing ground and Peterson coil, lightning, horn gaps, surge diverters, rod gaps, expulsion type lightning arrester, valve type lightning arrester, ground wires, ground rods, counter poise, surge absorbers, insulation coordination, volt-time curves.

UNIT-V:

SYMMETRICAL COMPONENTS AND FAULT CALCULATIONS: Significance of positive, negative and zero sequence components, Average 3-phase power in terms of symmetrical components, sequence impedances and sequence networks, fault calculations, sequence network equations, single line to ground fault, line to line fault, double line to ground fault, three phase fault, faults on power systems, faults with fault impedance, reactors and their location, short circuit capacity of a bus.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. C.L. Wadhwa, "Electrical Power Systems", New Age International Pub. Co, Third Edition, 2001.
2. D.P. Kothari and I.J. Nagrath, "Modern Power System Analysis", Tata Mc Graw Hill Pub. Co., New Delhi, Fourth edition, 2011.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. A. Chakrabarti, M.L. Soni, P.V. Gupta, U.S. Bhatnagar, "A Text book on Power System Engineering", Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (P) Ltd, 2008.
2. John J. Grainger & W.D. Stevenson, "Power System Analysis", Mc Graw Hill International, 1994.
3. Hadi Scadat, "Power System Analysis", Tata Mc Graw Hill Pub. Co. 2002.
4. W.D. Stevenson, "Elements of Power system Analysis", McGraw Hill International Student Edition.

DIGITAL ELECTRONICS LAB**B.Tech. II Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

Prerequisites: Analog Electronics & Digital Electronics**Course Objectives:**

- To learn basic techniques for the design of digital circuits and number conversion systems.
- To implement simple logical operations using combinational logic circuits.
- To design combinational logic circuits, sequential logic circuits.

Course Outcomes: After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Understand the working of logic families and logic gates.
- Design and implement Combinational and Sequential logic circuits.
- Analyze different types of semiconductor memories.

Course Objectives	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
To learn basic techniques for the design of digital circuits and number conversion systems	3	2	3	1	1	1	3	1	2	1	2	3
To implement simple logical operations using combinational logic circuits	3	3	3	2	2	1	3	1	2	2	2	3
To design combinational logic circuits, sequential logic circuits	2	2	1	2	2	1	3	1	2	2	2	3

Course Outcomes	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
Understand the working of logic families and logic gates	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
Design and implement Combinational and Sequential logic circuits.	2	1	3	1	2	3	3	1	3	2	2	3
Analyse different types of semiconductor memories	1	1	2	1	1	3	3	1	3	3	3	3

List of Experiments:

1. Realization of Boolean Expressions using Gates
2. Design and realization logic gates using universal gates
3. Generation of clock using NAND/NOR gates
4. Design a 4 – bit Adder / Subtractor
5. Design and realization a 4 – bit gray to Binary and Binary to Gray Converter
6. Design and realization of a 4-bit pseudo random sequence generator using logic gates.
7. Design and realization of an 8-bit parallel load and serial out shift register using flip-flops.
8. Design and realization Asynchronous and Synchronous counters using flip-flops
9. Design and realization 8x1 using 2x1 mux
10. Design and realization 2-bit comparator

11. Verification of truth tables and excitation tables
12. Realization of logic gates using DTL, TTL, ECL, etc.,

TEXT BOOKS:

1. A. Kumar, "Fundamentals of Digital Circuits", Prentice Hall India, 2016.
2. M. M. Mano, "Digital logic and Computer design", Pearson Education India, 2016.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. R.S. Sedha, "A Textbook of Digital Electronics", S.Chand, 2005
2. R. P. Jain, "Modern Digital Electronics", McGraw Hill Education, 2009.

MEASUREMENTS AND INSTRUMENTATION LABORATORY**B.Tech. II Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

Prerequisites: Measurements and Instrumentation**Course Objectives:**

- To calibrate Watt, Energy and PF Meter and determination of three phase active & reactive powers.
- To determine unknown inductance, resistance, capacitance by performing experiments on D.C Bridges & A. C Bridges.
- To determine the ratio and phase angle errors of Instrument transformers.

Course Outcomes: After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Choose and test any measuring instruments.
- Find the accuracy of any instrument by performing experiments.
- Calculate the various parameters using different types of measuring instruments.

Course Objectives	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
To calibrate Watt, Energy and PF Meter and determination of three phase active & reactive powers.	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	2	2	1	3
To determine unknown inductance, resistance, capacitance by performing experiments on D.C Bridges & A. C Bridges.	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	3
To determine the ratio and phase angle errors of Instrument transformers	3	2	3	1	3	3	1	1	2	2	2	3

Course Outcomes	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
Choose and test any measuring instruments	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	2
Find the accuracy of any instrument by performing experiments	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3
Calculate the various parameters using different types of measuring instruments	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	1	3	3	2

The following experiments are required to be conducted as compulsory experiments:

- Calibration and Testing of single-phase energy Meter.
- Calibration of dynamometer power factor meter.
- Crompton D.C. Potentiometer – Calibration of PMMC ammeter and PMMC voltmeter.
- Kelvin's double Bridge – Measurement of resistance – Determination of Tolerance.
- Dielectric oil testing using H.T. testing Kit.
- Schering Bridge & Anderson Bridge.
- Measurement of 3 - Phase reactive power with single-phase wattmeter.
- Measurement of displacement with the help of LVDT.

In addition to the above eight experiments, at least any two of the experiments from the following list are required to be conducted:

1. Calibration LPF wattmeter – by Phantom testing.
2. Measurement of 3-phase power with single watt meter and two CTs.
3. C.T. testing using mutual Inductor – Measurement of % ratio error and phase angle of given CT by Null method.
4. PT testing by comparison – V. G. as Null detector – Measurement of % ratio error and phase angle of the given PT
5. Resistance strain gauge – strain measurements and Calibration.
6. Transformer turns ratio measurement using AC bridges.
7. Measurement of % ratio error and phase angle of given CT by comparison.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. A. K. Sawhney, "Electrical & Electronic Measurement & Instruments", Dhanpat Rai & Co. Publications, 2005.
2. Dr. Rajendra Prasad, "Electrical Measurements & Measuring Instruments", Khanna Publishers 1989.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. G. K. Banerjee, "Electrical and Electronic Measurements", PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2nd Edition, 2016.
2. R. K. Rajput, "Electrical & Electronic Measurement & Instrumentation", S. Chand and Company Ltd., 2007.
3. S. C. Bhargava, "Electrical Measuring Instruments and Measurements", BS Publications, 2012.
4. Buckingham and Price, "Electrical Measurements", Prentice – Hall, 1988.
5. Reissland, M. U, "Electrical Measurements: Fundamentals, Concepts, Applications", New Age International (P) Limited Publishers, 1st Edition 2010.
6. E.W. Golding and F. C. Widdis, "Electrical Measurements and measuring Instruments", fifth Edition, Wheeler Publishing, 2011.

ELECTRICAL MACHINES LABORATORY – II**B.Tech. II Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

Prerequisites: Electrical Machines-I & Electrical Machines-II**Course Objectives:**

- To understand the operation of Induction, Synchronous machines and Transformers.
- To study the performance analysis of Induction and Synchronous Machines through various testing methods.
- To analyze the performance of single and 3-phase phase transformer with experiments.

Course Outcomes: After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Assess the performance of different types of AC machines using different testing methods.
- Analyze the suitability of AC machines and Transformers for real word applications.
- Design the machine models based on the application requirements.

Course Objectives	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
To understand the operation of Induction, Synchronous machines and Transformers	3	3	3	1	1	3	2	3	2	1	3	1
To study the performance analysis of Induction and Synchronous Machines through various testing methods	3	3	3	1	1	3	2	3	1	2	3	1
To analyse the performance of single and 3-phase phase transformer with experiments	3	3	3	2	1	2	1	3	1	1	3	1

Course Outcomes	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
Assess the performance of different types of AC machines using different testing methods	3	3	3	2	1	3	2	1	1	1	3	2
Analyse the suitability of AC machines and Transformers for real word applications	3	3	3	1	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	3
Design the machine models based on the application requirements	3	3	3	2	1	3	2	2	1	2	1	3

The following experiments are required to be conducted as compulsory experiments:

1. Sumpner's test on a pair of single-phase transformers
2. No-load & Blocked rotor tests on three phase Induction motor
3. Regulation of a three –phase alternator by synchronous impedance & m.m.f. methods

4. 'V' and 'Inverted V' curves of a three—phase synchronous motor.
5. Equivalent Circuit of a single-phase induction motor
6. Determination of X_d and X_q of a salient pole synchronous machine
7. Load test on three phase Induction Motor
8. Regulation of three-phase alternator by Z.P.F. and A.S.A methods

In addition to the above experiments, at least any two of the following experiments are required to be conducted from the following list:

1. Separation of core losses of a single-phase transformer
2. Efficiency of a three-phase alternator
3. Parallel operation of Single-phase Transformers
4. Heat run test on a bank of 3 Nos. of single-phase Delta connected transformers
5. Measurement of sequence impedance of a three-phase alternator.
6. Vector grouping of Three Transformer
7. Scott Connection of transformer

TEXT BOOKS:

1. P. S. Bimbhra, "Electrical Machinery", Khanna Publishers, 2011.
2. I.J. Nagrath and D. P. Kothari, "Electric Machines", McGraw Hill Education, 2010.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Prithwiraj Purkait, Indrayudh Bandyopadhyay, "Electrical Machines", Oxford, 2017.
2. M. G. Say, "Performance and design of AC machines", CBS Publishers, 2002.
3. A. E. Fitzgerald and C. Kingsley, "Electric Machinery", New York, McGraw Hill Education, 2013.
4. A. E. Clayton and N. N. Hancock, "Performance and design of DC machines", CBS Publishers, 2004.

CONSTITUTION OF INDIA**B.Tech. II Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	0

Course Objectives: Students will be able to:

1. Understand the premises informing the twin themes of liberty and freedom from a civil rights perspective.
2. To address the growth of Indian opinion regarding modern Indian intellectuals' constitutional role and entitlement to civil and economic rights as well as the emergence of nationhood in the early years of Indian nationalism.
3. To address the role of socialism in India after the commencement of the Bolshevik Revolution in 1917 and its impact on the initial drafting of the Indian Constitution.

Course Outcomes: Students will be able to:

1. Discuss the growth of the demand for civil rights in India for the bulk of Indians before the arrival of Gandhi in Indian politics.
2. Discuss the intellectual origins of the framework of argument that informed the conceptualization of social reforms leading to revolution in India.
3. Discuss the circumstances surrounding the foundation of the Congress Socialist Party [CSP] under the leadership of Jawaharlal Nehru and the eventual failure of the proposal of direct elections through adult suffrage in the Indian Constitution
4. Discuss the passage of the Hindu Code Bill of 1956.

UNIT - 1 History of Making of the Indian Constitution- History of Drafting Committee.**UNIT - 2** Philosophy of the Indian Constitution- Preamble Salient Features**UNIT - 3** Contours of Constitutional Rights & Duties - Fundamental Rights

- Right to Equality
- Right to Freedom
- Right against Exploitation
- Right to Freedom of Religion
- Cultural and Educational Rights
- Right to Constitutional Remedies
- Directive Principles of State Policy
- Fundamental Duties.

UNIT - 4 Organs of Governance: Parliament, Composition, Qualifications and Disqualifications, Powers and Functions, Executive, President, Governor, Council of Ministers, Judiciary, Appointment and Transfer of Judges, Qualifications, Powers and Functions**UNIT - 5** Local Administration: District's Administration head: Role and Importance, Municipalities: Introduction, Mayor and role of Elected Representative, CEO of Municipal Corporation. Panchayat raj: Introduction, PRI: Zila Panchayat. Elected officials and their roles, CEO Zila Panchayat: Position and role. Block level: Organizational Hierarchy (Different departments), Village level: Role of Elected and Appointed officials, Importance of grass root democracy**UNIT - 6** Election Commission: Election Commission: Role and Functioning. Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissioners. State Election Commission: Role and Functioning. Institute and Bodies for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women.**SUGGESTED READING:**

1. The Constitution of India, 1950 (Bare Act), Government Publication.
2. Dr. S. N. Busi, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar framing of Indian Constitution, 1st Edition, 2015.
3. M. P. Jain, Indian Constitution Law, 7th Edn., Lexis Nexis, 2014.
4. D.D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, 2015.